1894

File No 275-I

Serial No 59-75

File No. 275 I

1894.

Collection No. 4

Mysore Residency

Pros. Serial Nos. 59-75

Subject.

Fixing minimum rates for the sale of arrack
Subjecting 'Novocain' to excise restriction.
Revised instructions for the working of the Govt
Warehouse, for the storage therein and Supply
therefrom of Spirits and intoxicating drugs.

Previous References.

Later References.

97. (Blue).

MFP—162S&P—(G-276)—9-7-29—50,000.

R. P. B.—3-1904.—1,000.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Note Sheet.

File No. 275 of 1894

2.89

Letter No. 1140 *dated* 22nd April 1904

from the Collector, Cocanada

SUBJECT.

Minimum rates for the retail sale of liquor & drugs in the Cocanada Station

8 N-54

Clause 6 (IX) of the Resident's Notification

54 N-46 N. 526 dated the 5th February 1903 provides that it shall be within the power of the Resident to prescribe minimum rates for the sale of liquor & drugs. No such rates have till now been prescribed & no inconvenience was felt. As the fixing of minimum rates will be binding upon the licensees it is submitted that the necessity for & desirability of the proposed action should be clearly demonstrated. If approved the Collector may be asked for the necessary explanations

explanation --

2. The rules proposed are those which are in current at simple under price the rules showed surprise. There is no need to issue a notification in the matter in the Gazette of India as it is not required by the Excise Act to "notify" such matter.

N.L.
63/4/04

3. Please see the notes recorded at the time when this rule was framed last year in consultation with Sir Lloyd. See para 6 (a) of the Finance Dept. letter No 1091 S.A. of 28 April 1899. The S. of S. laid down that a minimum selling price should be fixed for arrack & ganja. Accordingly a minimum price has already been fixed for arrack - vide S. No 32 of Feb 25 of 1894 - but no minimum

not at all necessary

para 16 of the notes attached thereto.

s 3 (3)

s. 6 of Fin 386/1895

price appears to have been fixed for gauge. The orders of the S. of I do not require a minimum price to be fixed for Toddy & Country liquor, which are harmless drinks, & no harm will result from the dispensing of these liquors by competition. ~~Furthermore~~, it will be seen from the notes recorded in 1903 in connection with this rule, The object of the rule was merely to discourage ~~the~~ any undue competition of them with arrack.

4. As suggested in para 1 the Collector may be asked (and) to give fully the reasons for fixing a minimum price for gauge, Country liquor & toddy.

23/4/04

6 I agree. The may be sent in to
the Minister for further remarks.
I do not myself at present understand
what the necessity is for a minimum
price for toddy & country beer.

Revenue
25.4

Rec'd
JRM
25/4

To Mr Collector, Cuttack (w.o)
To Excise Superintendent for remarks (o.o.)
Pimbhoom 24/4/04.

6 → Returned with Excise Supt's remarks (attached).
The Rg't's Notification of 5/2/03 seems
to contemplate the fixing of a minimum
price all round. The reason for the
minimum in the case of toddy and
country beer has, I think, been made out.
Pimbhoom
25/4/04

Coll.

7 — The present draft notification was suggested as the same seems to be necessary under clause 6(ix) of Resident's Notification no $\frac{526}{5/2/03}$, which is in supersession of all previous rules:

The retail minimum price of ganja has not been fixed by any separate rule, but was notified yearly in the sales notification & was inserted in the conditions of the licence —

This has already been said in office note. I don't understand the latter part of this para

R. Mukherji 5.5.

The price of arrack was fixed, vide S no 32 of file 275 of 1894, but what seems to be required by the G. of India in letter no 1091 I.R. d. 28th April (S no 69 of file $\frac{386}{1895}$) & by Resident's Not: no $\frac{526}{5/2/03}$ is a minimum selling price

In the letter of the G. of India quoted above, the minimum selling price of c. beer & toddy has not been remarked upon but it is known that it is the general rule to have a minimum selling price for all liquors (country) & intoxicating drugs —

The price of c. beer is also fixed in the notice calling for tenders under which the beer taverns are leased out

The minimum selling price of toddy has not been fixed, but I think it is necessary to prevent competition making it unduly cheap & also to prevent it effecting our arrack & beer Revenue.

There is no necessity to publish the Notification in the Gazette of India

C. Collard
Supt Ex
24/4 [illegible]

Notes --*continued.*

8. I thk. Lib. & Lewis whether the office has anything further to remark. I wd. merely mention that Notifn 526 of 5.2.03 does not, as Excise Supt says, require a minimum price to be fixed but merely gives Govt power to fix it if advisable.

9. I cannot see that Supt has adduced any good reason for fixing a min.m price: the only reason he has given at all is with wh.ch & toddy & that reason appears to me a poor one. Toddy is a much more harmless drink than arack & as has already been observed in the notes, no harm will result if it is cheapened by competition. Office for remarks.

S.S.

7.

10. As observed by the J. A.-G., the last clause of the Restn Order of the 5. Feb.y 1903 is only an enabling provision, but does not require a minimum price to be fixed. The orders of the S. of S. in s. No 69 of file 386 of 1895 however require a minimum selling price for arrack & gunja, & this may now be fixed in regard to these two articles

The Resti Order of the 5 Feb 1903 which s.46.
has superseded all previous notifications on the subject.
II As regards country lines Sir Rolland says That the selling price was fixed in the notice calling for tenders for the licence of their taverns. This is true - vide para 5 of Resti Order No s.6 of Feb 28 1903
525 of 5 Feb 1903 -, that the tenders having been accepted for 3 years s.15. do.
(1903-04 to 1905-06) on the condition
that the price shall / cannot for pain
(no) beyond drams, one cannot now
introduce a minimum selling price
with power to the licensee to enhance
the prices. If any minimum price
& the consequent option to the licensee
to enhance prices be necessary at all

Notes—*continued.*

No. Duty to be shown for further warm mixture p.m.B. 12½

The change should be introduced from on or after 1906-07. At present the licensees have agreed to pay Govt. $15 at the rate Rs 15½ per hogshead on all sales & they can sell only at Govt. 6 pies per 7 Imperial Drams. If they be permitted to enhance the selling price which will be the result of fixing a minimum price, they must be required to pay Govt. at a higher rate than 15½ Rupees. In these circumstances no change is called for at present in regard to country liquor.

As for toddy, no minimum price seems necessary. The Supt. says that it should be fixed to prevent its competing with arrack & liquor

R. P. B.—3-1904.—8,000.

which gives us larger revenues.
In Shan would be wishes, for the
interests of Govt revenues, to
discourage the consumption of toddy
which is a mild & harmless drink
and to stimulate the consumption
of arrack — a much more harmful
drink. This, it is said, is not
a sound principle of excise administration.

NT
7/5/04

13. A minimum price for arrack Rs.
to be fixed again under the new
Notification also one for Sanja.
I personally see no necessity for it-
with regard to either country liquor
or toddy, & so far as the former
is concerned Registrar remarks
in para 11 of note are useful.

If Revt concurs, I propose sending file again to Collector, for so far as I can see, the principal reason for the fixation of a minimum price is that the Notification requires it. This is a mistake as pointed out in para 8 of notes

Attesting
A-5

Rect.

14 very well. I note agree with Fr. Rand's Report.

Pk
12/5

15

To The Collector, C. & M. Station (m. o)

Off
19/5/04

15 Returned. What I request to when I said that I thought the necessity for a minimum had been made out was the Inspector's remarks in his penultimate para, viz. the danger of making both country beer unduly cheap and affecting our arrack and beer revenue.

16 This is the principle in Madras Regn.

where a minimum is fixed on all

country liquor, ganja and opium ~~[illegible]~~ As to country beer, the Inspector agrees with me that there is no necessity for a minimum as the actual price has been fixed. The minimum is merely proposed for the sake of uniformity and does not fix sellers the option of selling at a higher rate, they being prevented from doing so by the fixing of the actual price in the tender.

This is a new Condition fixing a price.

This means a maximum which may not be exceeded in selling

17. With regard to toddy please see Excise manual (Madras) p. 204, para 4(p) and page 91 (Notification published on pp. 1096 and 1097 of Fort St. George Gazette, 29th Aug. 1899, Part II); also Appendix of Excise manual (p. 105, last para.)

P. Moore
16/5/04

To First Assistant Resident V.O.

Notes – *continued.*

18

Submitted to the J. A.-G.

The Madras rules provide not only for a minimum but also for a maximum price in the case of all liquor & intoxicating drugs – vide appendix 6 Excise Manual, page 105, para 20 –, but the Govt. of India depreciate any maximum price being fixed – vide paras 2 (a) & 3 (2) of G. Govt by of file 386/1895. As follows the Bombay Excise Act, 1878 & the excise policy laid down by the J. of I, and not the Madras Abkari Excise Act, 1886 & the practice in force in Bengal. As stated before it is not a sound principle to encourage the consumption of a more harmful drink, or rather to discourage the consumption of a less harmful beverage merely for the

R. P. B.—3-1904.—8,000.

purpose of revenue

AT 17/5/04 I still think that no minimum price is necessary for country beer or toddy.

P.S. Res[s] concurs we have merely to fix a minimum for arrack & ganja

Rmurthy
Res[s] 19.5

I agree
19-5

Simple order is submitted for approval

AJ.
21/5/04

AT
23/5/04

Rmurthy
23.5

Issued No. 2601 dt 27-5-04 S.60

E. P. S —4-1907.—1,000.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Note Sheet.

File No. 275 / 1896 [-6]

Letter No. 1021 *dated* 21. May 1907
from Dr Durlacher

SUBJECT.

Minimum retail price for toddy.

A similar proposal made by the Collector of Tanjore in 1904 for the minimum selling rate of toddy was not approved by Sir James Bourdillon. From the notes recorded at pages 12 & 13 of file 22/1906 it would appear that Mr. Francis was inclined to reconsider the question if Dr Durlacher moved in the matter. Now, at the instance of the Excise Commissioner, the

to go to 275/1896

Durham have addressed the Hist.
on the subject
2. Two only of the 3 Lordly chapels
to the proximity of which the
City charges the Bishops Exercise depst
objected, having been removed farther
away, one of the arguments advanced
by the Bishops in respect of the
present proposal, both the Lords
the Committee with the representation
that the Stakin shop keepers under sell
the City men, it may be remarked
that the Law has been altered
by 3 & 4 Vict c 61 under the
City men cannot raise their prices
There is not much likelihood of the
Stakin people underselling them.
In any case both being more or

S 18 y 7 M 25
191

Jeaph 4 y
7 & 648 s.
1886

Notes—*continued.*

or less a harmless drink, the fixing of a minimum price is not necessary. Any measure which would greatly enhance the price of spirits would induce people to take to the more harmful liquor (weak).

Borrowes the Collector may be consulted officially in the matter. ~~Draft is noted~~

~~for action~~

O.

1/6/07

Coll.

Please give Hon. views, having regard to (1) the enhancement of the Excise duty both in this case & the Cattle Station (2) the removal of shop 6 m. so to what effect a minimum price will have on the Station revenue. Please return file as soon as possible. J.P.R. 1/6/07

Notes—*continued*.

(Returns (U.S.) 1) I believe that the enhancement of the tax will not affect the revenue. (2) Now that stops Nos 6 & 7 I can see no reason there is of course less object used for the imposition of a minimum price. I think however that the principle of a minimum price for all alcoholic liquor is sound. Such a price is fixed per toddy in the Madras Presidency with the object of reducing consumption. As to its effect on revenue, I believe the result found in practice is that the effect on the revenue is only temporary.

No changes can of course be made in time for the lease 1907–08.

10/10/07.

Read 6

The amount of stages 6 & 7 limiting the objection of the Bombay to the absence of minimum rates. No action seems necessary here as in consequence of the receipt of the G. of I resolution

See Para. 260 of Excise Committee's Report

separate file, the whole scheme
system of the Code Rules will have
to be amended and my reply
that this point will be combined
in connection with the other matters
rendered necessary by the
resolutions referred to.

JOR.

7/10/07

Yes. I am writing in favour of
this circular rule.

Cl.
10/10

JOR
18/6

'Accidents' under r. 18: June 07

'Yes - Same subject as proviso to a minimum
rate.

Draft letter to the Trustees is submitted for
approval.

JR.
18/6/07

Issued Nos 4406-4407 dated 24-6-07 S. 62.

E. P. B.—6-1907.—2,000.

19

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Note Sheet.

File No. 275/94

Endl.

S 63.
S 64.

~~Letter~~ No. S. 7080-7097 dated 23rd Aug 07.
7099-7115-19
from The Govt of India in the Deptt of Commerce & Industry.

SUBJECT.

Prohibition of the importation of novocain.

Copies of the notifications may be forwarded for the information of the Collector & Dt. Magte. C/Ac.

Station.

Draft submd

N Nair
8.9.

9/9/07

A. 65.

Issued No. 5805 dated 12th September '07

E. P., B.—6-1907.—2,000.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Note Sheet.

File No. 275/94

S. 66.

Letter No. 5539 Exe. *dated* 6th September 1907 *from* the Govt of India in the Finance Depl.

SUBJECT.

Subjection of "novocain" to excise restrictions.

A copy of this letter has been forwarded to the Foreign Depl for communication to this Residency. necessary action may, if approved, be taken on receipt of ~~the~~ a Communication from the Foreign Dept.

~~Subd.~~

NNM
19.9.07

E. P. S.—6-1907.—2,000.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Note Sheet.

File No. 275/1894

867

Govt.

~~Letter~~ No. 543. dated 3rd Feb 05
from The Govt of India. Foreign Dept.

SUBJECT.

Excise restrictions ~~reg~~ on the use of ~~Cocaine~~ "novocain"

The Govt of India have decided that "novocain" shall for the present be treated for Excise purposes as an intoxicating drug just as the sale of Cocaine. vide printed Correspce at pages 6 & 7.

Draft by Collector Sub?

NNM
8.2.05

8/2/05.

A copy of the Correspondence may be sent to the Customs Authorities for their similar action may be taken in Bazaar

8/2/05

Secy

Issued no 878 dy the 14th Febo 8.

Draft to Durban Subs

NWm.
15.2.08

15/2/8

Issued no. 11423 25.2.908 SBG.

E. P.E.—2-1908.—2,000.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Note Sheet.

File No. 275 of 1894

470

Letter No. 724 *dated* 26: February 1908

from the Collector, Coimbatore & Nilgiris.

SUBJECT.

Revision of rules relating to Excise Warehouse in the Coimbatore with respect to intoxicating drugs

The draft order forwarded by the Collector's office is susceptible of improvement. All that is said in proposed rule 4 (a) appears to be unnecessary. In rule 5, a form in force in Madura is referred to - it says that the existing order revised in pencil is submitted for approval

2. Yes. No alterations seem necessary

11/3/'08 Please print 200 & one may submit in proof for

a/3/'08.

11/3/08.

3. A printed copy (in proof) of the rules is submitted Rule 23 of the rules needs further revision in consequence of the arrangement since proposed by the Board of Revenue, Madras, in the matter of the payment of cost price of ganja supplied for consumption in the Coimbatore station - The Collector's reply to this office of 16617/17: March 1908 may be awaited -

Sent Proofs 11/3/08

Sd. 65. Rec 266 1908

Reply received. Vide No 66 of 1908

R/ 24/3/'08

26/3/08

4. The Electric Communication referred to in the preceding paragraphs have been received & despatched q- Rule 23 q the despatches have been revised ~~& proceedings of appeal~~ ~~Considered desirable the despatches in the preceding Rule 22 & the Electric Communications~~ remarks.

Sr. 66 & 67. file 264

5. This departmental order,

31/3/08 ~~is~~ based on the Electric Supply, may cease. It will be read. to the Electric C.o for perusal please

D
31/3/08

Rest

6. To the Electric (C.o) for favour of ~~opinion~~ remarks.
to Exc. Superintendent (C.o.) for remarks

3.4.08.

Note attached
4/4/08

Note3—*continued*.

7. Returned D.A.
Rule 5. I suggest that 'appointed for the purpose' be substituted for 'commissioned'.
Rule 8. I suggest that this rule be amended as follows: Full stop after the word 'receive'. Omit the remainder of the rule and substitute: The room shall be secured by a separate Locker, one key of which shall be kept by the Officer in charge and the other by the Superintendent of Excise'.

8. This I consider important as recent irregularities have shown that it is necessary.

Vincent Evans

6.4.08.

9. Mr Morris suggests this may be embodied in the draft submitted

may now issue

7/4/08.

8/4

10. Printed copies of the order received from the Govt. Copies may be sent to the Collector of the District, & the usual Govt. draft endorsement is sent for approval.

25/4/08

+ For submission for Lt Governor's approval

+ Printed copies sent 24/4/08.

B.—1-07.—1,000

E. P. B —6-1907.—2,000.

4

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Note Sheet.

File No. ~~6/ 8/1908~~

275/94

D. 73

Letter No. 1982 dated 5th June 1908

from ~~the~~ Collector Ctm Sh. Bangalore

SUBJECT.

Minimum retail price for toddy

flag 7 ~~6~~

The question of fixing a minimum rate for the sale of toddy in the retail shops of the Ctm Sh. has been discussed since Nov. 06 (vide orders on page 12 of office notes in file 22 of 1906) and again in June 07 (vide orders on page 17 and

flag H 18 of office notes in file 275 of 1894).

Sl. 6/275/94 The Darbar in May 1907 moved in the matter and a reply was sent on 24th

Sl 62 275/94 June 07 that the question will be considered in connection with certain other measures which have been rendered necessary in consequence of the receipt of orders framed by the Govt of India on the Report of the Indian Excise Committee which are to amend the present excise System in Ctm Sh

2. In this connection please read the remarks of the Indian Excise

Committee, regarding the necessity for control of bankers, para 141, page 56 of their report. The necessity for fixing a uniform rate of retail sale in the shops of city & cantonments to have been established in the Darbar letter of 21st May 1907 and the Collector also recommends its adoption. The sale of shops is fixed per g-6-08

flag K

flag K

The proposed rate may, if approved, be fixed under the provisions of para 6 clause IX of the President's Notn No 526 dated 5th Feby 1903. Subject to approval draft order is submitted below

6.6.08

3. An order of Govt of B. on the Enclosed Consultation Report; paras 260 & 261, admit of the imposition of minimum price in the Cantonment and the Collector proposal may be approved.

Govt Dispatch No 508 R dated 15th Oct. 1907.

flag L

+45/05

It is to be regretted that the Coll:

Notes—*continued.*

has defined his proposals until the
11th hour. The Banker. have for
a long time been urging the
need for a minimum
rate — both Flag X, and
as there is authority effected
Cashe ~~and~~ sustain both the Exchange
Committee ~~and~~ in para 260 of their
Report. and the S. of S. in Financial
Dispt Resol.ns (Flag S) are in favour
of a minimum price in the case
of spirit the same principle may
be applied to Colly Ships &
Colletts proposals sanctioned.

J.M.

6/6/08.

Issued Nos 3021-22 dated 8th June 1918

B. P. B.—2-06.—2,000. 5/75-

No. 1140 Excise 23/4/04

59

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR,
CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION, BANGALORE.

Dated, 22nd April *1904.*

FROM

P. L. Moore ESQ., I. C. S.,
COLLECTOR,
CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION,
BANGALORE.

To R. C. H. Moss King Esq. I.C.S.
~~THE~~ FIRST ASSISTANT TO THE HONOURABLE THE RESIDENT
IN MYSORE.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE, BANGALORE.
Register No. 2034
Date of Receipt 23.4.04
File No. 27594

SIR,

I have the honour to forward herewith a draft notification prepared by the Excise Superintendent prescribing under rule 6(IX) of the Rules published under the Resident's Notification No. 526 of 5th February 1903, the minimum rates for the retail sale of liquor and intoxicating drugs in the licensed shops in the Civil and Military Station, and I request that

that the Same may be issued as early as possible, if approved by the Honorable the Resident.

I have the honor to be,

Sir

Your most obedient Servant,

Vinthenna

Collector.

C.M.

Draft.

The Honorable the Resident in Mysore

Notification

No. dated Bangalore

Under rule 6 (IX) of the Rules published under his Notification No. 526 dated the 5th February 1903:—

— The Honorable the Resident in Mysore is pleased to prescribe the following minimum rates of prices for the sale of liquor and Intoxicating drugs in the licensed Shops of the Civil and Military Stations, Bangalore.

1. Liquor { Arrack - 2 annas per Mysore Dram for 20 lb.
1 anna 10 pies — do — 30 lb
Beer country - 1 anna 6 pies per 7 Mysore Drams
Toddy — 1 anna 6 pies per 12 Mysore Drams

2. Intoxicating Drugs:- { Ganja 1 anna per Tola
Preparations 4 pies per Tola

P. Cuthbertson

C. S. Hector

R. P. B.—3-04.—500.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Serial No.

File No. 275/189

[DRAFT.]—For approval.

No 2601
Dated 27 May 1904

From

R. C. H. MOSS. KING, Esq., I. C. S.,
1st Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.

A.5

Proceedings of the Resident in Mysore

Read:-

Letter No. 1140 dated the 22nd April 1904 from the Collector, [illegible] Station of Bangalore, regarding minimum rates for the retail sale of liquor & intoxicating drugs in the licensed shops in the [illegible] Station of Bangalore.

Order

Under the provisions of paragraph 6 clause ix of the Resident's notification No. 526 dated the 5th February 1903, the following minimum rates are prescribed for

D. 46

(Continuation of Draft),

the sale of arrack & ganja

in the Station

arrack — 2 annas per imperial dram for 20 U.P

1 anna 10 pies per imperial dram for 30 U.P.

ganja — 1 anna per tola

Preparation of ganja - 4 pies per tola

2. ~~Sir James Hewett~~ The Resident is not prepared ~~does not consider it~~ to fix at present any minimum rate for the sale of either country beer or toddy ~~in the Native States~~.

(Signed) P. L. Moore

for Chief Secretary to the Resident

To The Collector, Cis Sutlej States, Ambala.

H.
21/5/04

23/5/04

(Forms part of 82 of 1906 (Chief Commissioner's file from Cis Sutlej States) (1266/07)

Marginal minimum price for toddy fixed vide Secretary's No. 41 of file No. 22/1906.

Fixed license fee

of 75 of 275/54, C.-26-5-04

Sep 2nd

Minimum of one anna was fixed in Sec. 75 of file 275/1894

61

22/5/07

G.R.S. 48]

GOVERNMENT OF H. H. THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

Pol No. 1026
Ser 1

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT,

Dated Bangalore, 21st May *1907.*

From

K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR, ESQ., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

CIVIL & MIL. OFFICE,
BANGALORE.
Register No. 2821
Date of Receipt 22-5-07.
D. No. To

F. P. REINIE, ESQ., I.C.S.,
First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

SIR,

I am directed to state that the Excise Commissioner in Mysore has reported that the licensees of toddy shops in the Civil and Military Station and especially of those close to the frontier line sell toddy at a much cheaper rate than that prevailing in the City where a minimum of one anna per seer is fixed with a view to prevent toddy being sold unduly cheap, and that they -- thereby attract the consumers of the latter place with the result that the State revenue is adversely affected. The Revenue Board, Madras, have like the Mysore Durbar, fixed the minimum rate below which toddy shall not be sold by the licensees. (Vide their notification No.1 dated 6th January 1904). In these circumstances I am to request that the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore may kindly be moved to fix the minimum selling rate of toddy in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore also at one anna per seer.

A copy of the Excise Commissioner's letter No.3976 dated the 2nd May 1907 is enclosed for a fuller explanation of the case.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Secretary to Government.

Office of the Excise Commissioner in Mysore,
No.3976, Dated Bangalore 2nd/4th May 1907.

From

P.N.Purnaiya Esq, B.A.,
Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

To

K.S.Chandrasekhara Aiyar Esq, B.A.,B.L.,
Secretary to the Govt of H.H.the Maharaja
of Mysore Genl and Rev Departments.

Sir,

I have the honor to state that under the terms of sale Notification Para 7 (35) the lincensees of toddy shops in Mysore shall not sell toddy to the public at less than the retail rates fixed by Government and inserted in the schedule. In the Madras Presidency the Revenue Board have under powers delegated by Goverment likewise fixed a minimum price below which toddy shall not be sold to the public by licensed vendors in tree tax areas. In fact, the enforcement of a minimum vend price for toddy is the means adopted throughout in view to prevent the liquor being sold unduly cheap.

2. But in the Civil and Military Station no minimum rate is fixed though in the Resident's notification No.526, dated 5th February 1903, which governs the working of excise shops in the station, the Hon'ble the Resident has reserved powers to prescribe minimum prices and to enforce them when so prescribed. The result is that the licensee of the City shops who could not go below the minimum price of one anna per seer laid down by Government is greatly handicapped in the business by this rival of the Civil and Military Station who not being bound by any such condition has been free to sell his toddy at much cheaper rates at his own discretion and by that means to draw off the City consumers also to his shops. This coupled with the removal of certain Civil and Military Station shops to closer proximity to the City shops (regarding which I have separately addressed Government in my letter No.3880, dated 25th April 1907) has not only been the

cause

Vested

cause of much loss to the licensee of the City shops, but has also worked prejudicially to the State Excise revenue by loss of tax on trees owing to decreased consumption, the City consumers having openly resorted to the Civil and Military Station, where the licensee greatly undersold the article. This inequality of rates in frontier shops in one and the same City requires remedy by making them uniform. As we have adopted the high rate of one anna, I beg it may be suggested for the Hon'ble the Resident's consideration the adoption of the same rates. Omission to do this is likely to affect the results of the forthcoming sales.

I have &c:

Sd/.P.N.Purnaiya

Excise Commissioner.

Copy

Secretary to Government.

B. P. P.—6-07.—1,000.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE. 10

Serial No.
File No. 275
1894.

[D R A F T .]—For approval.

From

F. P. RENNIE, Esq., I. C. S.,
1st Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.

To

The Dewan of Mysore.

No. 4406
24th June 1907.

Sir,

Sl. 61

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of Mr. Chandrasekhara Iyer's letter Pol No.1026, d/- the 21st May 1907, and in reply to say that [although the change recently effected in the location of toddy shops 6 and 7 of the C & M Station diminishes to some extent the force of the objections to the absence of a fixed minimum selling rate for toddy in the said station, the Offg: Resident is rather inclined to favour the proposal to fix a minimum selling price] ~~The point~~ will be ~~further~~ considered in connection with certain other measures which have been rendered necessary in the C & M Station in

the question of fixing a minimum rate

R.P.B.—8-07.—500.

(*Continuation of Draft.*)

in consequence of the receipt of orders

~~from~~ the Govt of India on the Report of

the Indian Excise Committee,1905-06.

I have &c.,

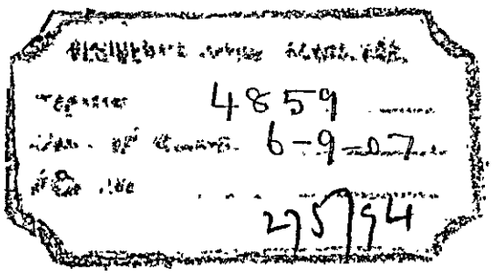
1st Asstt Resident.

No. 4407 2—1

Sl. 61

Copy of the foregoing letter, with a copy of the letter to which it is a reply, is forwarded to the Collector, C & M Station of Bangalore.

1st Asstt Resident.



No. 7079-91.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

CUSTOMS.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 23rd August 1907.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea or land into British India of "novocain" by means of the post; and to restrict its importation by any other means to cases in which it is imported by persons, or by their authorised agents, who have been specially permitted to import the drug by a Local Government or Administration.

B. ROBERTSON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

Nos. 7080-7097—91.

A copy is forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations, for information.

A copy is also forwarded to the Finance Department / Director-General of the Post Office of India / Director-General of Commercial Intelligence, for information.

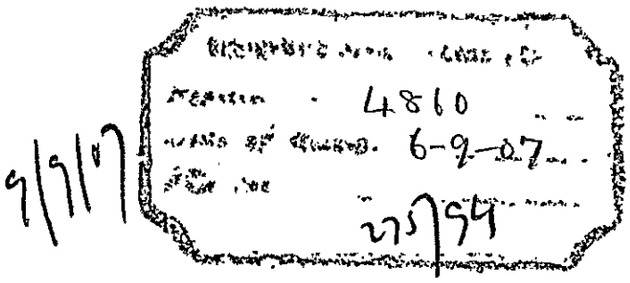
By order, etc.,

M. M. S. GUBBAY,

Offg. Under Secretary to the Govt. of India.

(Customs Circular No. VII of 1907.)

G. C. B. P., Simla.—No. 396 C. & I. D.—23-8-07.—1,622.—C.P.



No. 7098—91.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION.

POST OFFICE.
GENERAL MATTERS.

Simla, the 23rd August 1907.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 25 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to empower the officers noted in the margin to search, or cause search to be made for any "novocain," the bringing of which, by sea or land, into British India is prohibited by Notification No. 7079-91 of this date, in course of transmission by post to any place in British India, and to direct that the said officers shall deliver all such "novocain" found to the nearest officer for the time being in charge of the excise administration, and that such "novocain" shall be disposed of in accordance with the rules for the time being in force relating to "novocain" confiscated under the provisions of the Excise law in force for the time being in the part of British India in which the actual delivery of the "novocain" so found was made to the Excise officer aforesaid.

(1) The mail officer for the time being in charge of the Bombay-Aden Sea Post Office.
(2) The Postmaster and the Deputy Postmaster, at Karachi.
(3) The Presidency Postmaster, the Deputy Postmaster and the Assistant Postmasters at Bombay.
(4) The Presidency Postmaster, the Deputy Postmaster and the Assistant Postmasters at Madras.
(5) The Postmaster and Deputy Postmaster at Tuticorin.
(6) The Presidency Postmaster, the Deputy Postmaster and the Assistant Postmasters at Calcutta.
(7) The Postmaster, the Deputy Postmaster and the Assistant Postmasters at Rangoon.
(8) The Postmaster at Akyab.
(9) The Postmaster at Negapatam.

B. ROBERTSON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

Nos. 7099—7115—91.

A copy is forwarded to the Director-General of the Post Office of India / Finance Department, for information and further necessary action.

A copy is also forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations.

By order, etc.,

M. M. S. GUBBAY,

Offg. Under-Secretary to the Government of India.

G. C. B. P., Simla.—No. 397 C. I. D.—23-8-07.—762.—J. A. S.

R. P. B.—6-07.—1,000.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Serial No. 65
File No. 275
S.C.

[D R A F T .]—For approval.

From

F. P. RENNIE, Esq., I. C. S.,
1st Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.

To

No 5805-2
12th September 1907.

The Collector & Sh Magte.
Ct mi &c
Bangalore

Sir.

I am directed to forward for your information & guidance copies of notifications Nos 7079-91 and 7095-91 dy the 23rd Augt 07 issued by the Govt of India in the Dept of Commerce & Industry on the subject of the prohibition of the importation into British India of "novocain."

Sh 63 & 64

Enc 10-9

I have &c
Sd/ F. P. Rennie
1st Asst Resdt.

NMM
9-9-07

No.5539-Exc.

Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 6th September 1907.

From

A. Yusuf-Ali, Esquire, I.C.S.,

Offg: Under Secretary to the Govt: of India.

To

The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Coorg.

Sir,

I am directed to forward for your information a copy of the papers specified in the margin, and to invite reference to the marginally noted Notifications by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry

1. From the Manager, the Saccharin Corporation Ltd., London, dated 23rd November 1906.
2. To the Secretary, Revenue and Statistics Deptt., India Office No.692-Exc., dated the 5th Feby: 1907.
3. To the Home Department No.1102-Exc., dated 23rd February 1907.
4. From the Home Department to the Government of Bengal No.195, dated 8th March 1907.
5. From the Secretary Revenue and Statistics Department India Office, No.R. & S.579, dated 1st May 1907 and enclosures.
6. From the Government of Bengal to the Home Department, No.298-T Medl., dated 20th May 1907 and enclosures.
7. To the Manager, the Saccharin Corporation Ltd., London, No.4558-Exc., dated 22nd July 1907.

No.7079-91, dated 23rd August 1907.
No.7098-91, dated 23rd August 1907.

(a) prohibiting the importation of "novocain" into British India by means of the post; (b) restricting its importation by other channels to cases in which it is imported by persons, or by their authorised agents, who have been specially permitted to import the drug and (c) authorising certain officers of the Postal Department to search or cause search to be made, for postal articles suspected to contain "novocain" in course of transmission by the post in contravention of the above provisions.

2. I am to request that steps may be taken if this has not already been done, to subject "novocain" to the same Excise restrictions as have been imposed in the case of cocaine with reference to the letter from this Department No.6829-Exc., dated the 8th December 1906.

I have &c.,

Sd/- A.Yusuf-Ali,

Offg: Under Secretary to the Govt: of India

Copy

Copy of the correspondence with a copy of the Notifications referred to in paragraph 1, forwarded to the

Home Department, for information.

The Foreign Department for communication to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

Copy also forwarded to

The Department of Commerce and Industry, with reference to the communications from that Department Nos.7080-7097-91 and 7099-7115-91, dated the 23rd August 1907.

The Government of the Punjab for information.

(C o p y)

A. M. Serris

M a n a g e r,

Coorg Secretariat.

Dated the 23rd November 1906.

From:- The Manager, the Saccharin Corporation Ld., London.

To:- The Secy: to the Govt: of India, Commerce & Industry. Department.

We are desirous of introducing upon the Indian Market a new anaesthetic called "Novocain", the properties and value of which are fully described in the accompanying pamphlet by which you will observe we ~~xx~~ claim that Novocain is free of all the objections ~~xx~~ possessed by cocaine".

We are also sending you a small sample of Novocain for your inspection, and we should be glad to learn from you at your earliest possible convenience the terms and conditions upon which Novocain will be admitted into your country.

No.656-147, dated the 21st January 1907.

Endorsed by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

(With a copy of notes) Letter, with enclosures, from the Saccharin Corporation, Limited, London, dated the 23rd November 1906.

Transferred to the Finance Department, for disposal.

No.693-Exc., dated the 5th February 1907.

From:- H.F.Howard, Esq., I.C.S., Under Secy: to the Govt: of India, Finance Department,

To:- The Secretary, Revenue and Statistics Department, India Office, London.

I am directed to forward a copy of a letter, dated the 23rd November 1906, from the Saccharin Corporation of London, in which enquiry is made as to the terms and conditions upon which "Novocain" a drug manufactured by the firm and alleged to have anaesthetic properties, may be admitted into India.

2. The Government of India would be glad to learn whether anything is known in the ~~xx~~ United Kingdom as to the properties of

of the drugs and the effects of its use, and in particular whether it has been found liable to abuse as an intoxicant or stimulant. I am to ask that any information on these points that may be forthcoming, may, with the permission of the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India, be furnished to this Department as soon as possible.

No.1102-Exc., dated the 23rd February 1907.

Memo from:- H.F.Howard, Esq., I.C.S., Under Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department,

To:- The Home Department.

The undersigned is directed to forward a copy of a letter dated the 23rd November 1906, from the Saccharin Corporation of London, in which enquiry has been made as to the terms and condition which "Novocain", a drug manufactured by the firm and alleged to have anaesthetic properties may be admitted into India. Before replying to this enquiry this Department desires to ascertain whether it is a fact, as stated by the firm, that Novocain is free from all the objections possessed by cocaine as an intoxicant or stimulant and the undersigned is accordingly to request that the Home Department will be good enough to have a chemical analysis made of the drug and to report the result to this Department as soon as possible.

No.195, dated the 8th March 1907.

From:- J.C.Fergusson Esqr., I.C.S., Under Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.

To:- The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal (Medical) Department.

I am directed to forward a copy of a letter, dated the 23rd November 1906, from the Saccharin Corporation Limited, London, enquiring on what

Addressed to the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

what terms and conditions their new preparation "novocain" will be admitted into India. Before replying to the enquiry the Government of India desire to ascertain whether it is a fact that "novocain" is not open to any of the ~~xx~~ objections that have led to the imposition of restrictions on cocaine. I am accordingly to request that, with the permission of the Lieutenant Governor, the Chemical Examiner at Calcutta may be asked for an analysis ~~for~~ the sample of "novocaine", sent herewith, and that the result may be reported to the Government of India.

No.R & S.679, dated the 1st May 1907.

From:- T.W.Holderness, Esq., C.S.I., Secretary, Revenue and Statistics Department, India Office, London,

To:- The Under Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department.

In reply to your letter No.692-Exc. of the 5th February, enquiring as to the properties of the drug "Novocain" and the effect of its ~~xxx~~ use, I forward for information a report specially prepared by Professor A.R.Cushing, F.R.S., Professor of Pharmacology at University College, London. Professor Cushing adds that "he has had some difficulty in answering the question as to whether the drug is liable to abuse as an intoxicant, as, although it has been used in some thousands of surgical cases in Germany and France, it has not become known among the laity". But he thinks that he ~~xxx~~ has given some grounds for believing that it will not prove so fatally attractive as cocaine".

Report on Novocain.

Novocain is a new synthetic local anaesthetic introduced as a substitute for cocaine on the grounds that it is ~~xxx~~ much less poisonous when absorbed and also less injurious locally.

It appears to have been examined very little in this country but considerable experience as to its effects has been gathered in Germany and France.

2. Novocaine is the hydrochlorate of p-amidobenzoyl-diethylaminoethanol $C_6H_4 \begin{cases} NH_2 \cdot HCl \\ COO\,C_2H_4N(C_2H_5)_2 \end{cases}$ and is from the chemical point of view related to several other local anaesthetics of which anaesthesine, stovaine, and alypine may be mentioned. It is readily soluble in cold water, can be boiled without danger of decomposition and does not suffer from prolonged keeping in solution. Its effects on animals have been investigated, and the results published in three papers as follows:-

3. Biberfeld states that the minimal fatal dose per kilo. Rabbit injected hypodermically is 0·35-0·4 G., while that of cocaine is 0·05-0.

In dogs 0·25. G. of Novocaine per kilo was not fatal while 0·05-0·0 G of cocaine per kilo killed the animal.

Heineke and Lawen (Deutsch. Zeitschr. f. Chir LXXX, p. 180) state that the minimal lethal dose of novocaine for rabbits injected hypodermically is 0·75 G per kilo, while that of cocaine is 0.1 G.

Chevalier and Scrini (Bull. gen. de Therap. 152 p.58) state the minimal dose of novocaine per kilo in the cat injected intraperitoneally to be 0.45 G., in the dog 0·4 G.; injected intervenously 0.2 G. per kilo was fatal to a dog.

4. In regard to the symptoms caused in animals by poisonous doses Chevalier and Scrini state that these consist in transient excitement followed in 15-0 minutes by tremours, in co-ordination of the movements and partial paraplegia. The animal then falls on its side and convulsions and opisthotonus accompanied by great dix dyspnoea follow. Sensation seemed to persist at this stage. The convulsions became more violent and clonic and fatal respiratory failure followed during one of the intervals between the onsets. In cats there seemed to be hallucinations

of

of vision in the earlier steges. Heineke and Lawen noted in rabbits a weakness in the extremities, the animal falling on its side, with very rapid respiration; clonic convulsive movements of the legs followed occasionally assuming the character and running movements. Tonic convulsions and violent opistholonic jerks appeared somewhat later. The respiration became very quick and shallow, marked cyanosis set in and death followed from respiratory failure. After smaller doses the convulsions were not so marked as persistent paresis, but the respiration was very rapid.

5. In regard to the action on the circulation and respiration, Biberfeld states that 0.15 - 0.2 G. injected into rabbits caused almost no change, and only on intravenous injection could a transient fall of blood pressure and slowing of the respiration be elicited, probably from a slight action on the medulla oblongata. Chevalier and Serini confirm these results and add that subsequently the heart is accelerated and the blood pressure rises and the respiration becomes more rapid. These later symptoms are probably observed only after larger doses than those employed by Biberfeld.

6. The general result of these experimental investigations is that the symptoms induced by novocain in animals resemble closely those induced by cocaine, each drug producing evidences of central nervous stimulation affecting especially the medulla oblongata and brain, while the spinal cord appears not to be involved. The chief difference lies in the great disproportion between the quantities necessary to induce symptoms, about five to seven times as much novocaine as cocaine being requisite.

7. Liebl has investigated the effects of large doses of novocain on himself by injecting a 10 per cent solution into the subcutaneous tissues 0 4 G. (=6 Grs) had no distinct effect except local anaesthesa, and he therefore injected 0·75 G. (=11½ grs.) more an hour later. A few minutes later a feeling

of warmth all over the body, slight nausea and some motor excitement followed, somewhat resembling alcoholic intoxication. Some deafness, fullness of the head, difficulty in writing and impaired accommodation of sight were experienced. Some headache persisted for over half an hour, but in one hour all symptoms had disappeared. Liebl considers that the condition resembles alcoholic intoxication much more than cocaine poisoning.

8. A considerable number of other papers in regard to the action of novocain on man is available, giving statistics of many hundreds of cases, but in almost all of these the drug has been applied locally to the eye, mouth, throat, urethra, bladder and vagina for its local effects, and the writers are chiefly concerned with its utility in inducing anaesthesia. It is noteworthy, however, that although its drawbacks are freely commented on, no one of these writers has noted any symptoms of cerebral excitement in their patients, such as are common in the use of cocaine even now, and were still more frequently met with soon after its introduction. This negative evidence is the more valuable because very considerable quantities of novocain have frequently been injected. Thus in dental operations in which slight symptoms of poisoning often arise from the use of cocaine novocain injected in 2 per cent. solution has apparently never induced any cerebral excitement after quantities of $\frac{1}{3}$—$\frac{1}{2}$ grain were injected. In general surgery quantities of 5-7 grains have been injected by the infiltration method and 1½ grains have been injected into nervous plexus, without any symptoms being induced.

9. Injections into the spinal canal have also been made in large numbers in order to induce anaesthesia for surgical operations on the abdomen and lower limbs. For this purpose as much as 3 grains have occasionally been injected, though most operators have found 1½ to 2 grains sufficient. No symptoms of cerebral excitement have been observed. In a small number of cases pallar and weak pulse occurred during the operation, and

in

in a large number headache, back-ache, nausea and vomitting persisted for some hours after the operation, but in the opinion of the operators these symptoms were not due to the anaesthetic itself, but to the shock. They were most marked in cases in which laparotomy was performed and seem on the whole to have been less marked than in sabarachnoid anaesthesia induced by other drugs. One death is recorded after this use of novocain but as no details are given, it is impossible to state whether it was due to the drug acting as a poison or to the manipulation. In most cases in which novocain had been used in surgery and / dentistry it has been applied along with preparations of the active principle of the suprarenal gland, such as adranalin suprarenin, etc., and all writers are agreed that in order to obtain the ful anaesthetic action, this addition is necessary. The effect of the adranalin suprarenin, etc., is to cause constriction of the vessels around the point of injection and thus delay the absorption of the novocain. In this way the local action is intensified and the passage of the anaesthetic to other parts of the body, e-g., the brain is delayed. In those cases in which the novocain has been employed without adrenalin, a certain amount of dissatisfaction has been expressed as the action sets in slowly and the anaesthesia is very transient. But even in these cases no symptoms of poisoning have been observed. From this it seems not unlikely that novocain is rapidly excreted or rendered inert in the tissues and has less tendency to accumulate in them than cocaine.

10. Most writers on the subject agree that novocain is less efficient in inducing local anaesthesia than cocaine while opinions vary as to its activity compared with the other synthetic local anaesthetics. When combined with adrenalin, however, novocain seems comparable with cocaine with efficacy and is devoid of drawbacks inherent in this alkaloid and in most of its substitutes. The advantages of novocain are its weak toxic action, its ready solubility, its tolerance of boiling, which permit of its solutions being sterilised, and the absence of

irritation

irritation at the point of application, even when it is applied in very strong solution (20 per cent) or in powder.

11. The facts hitherto ascertained in regard to novocain may be summarised as follows

In very large quantities it has induced in animals symptoms indicating an action resembling that of cocaine on the central nervous system. And in one experiment on man, in which the quantity of 17½ grains was injected within 65 minutes, some symptoms pointing to cerebral action were induced in man. But in the comparatively large amounts used in surgery, no such symptoms and in fact no symptoms of any significance have been observed. It appears to be a valuable local anaesthetic, which, when associated with adranalin promises to rival cocaine. It is possible that the advantages which it appears to possess at present may be counterbalanced by features which have not yet been appreciated. There seems, however, little probability of its being abused as an intoxicant or stimulant as in the case of cocaine. For the dose required would obviously be very large and the symptoms as far as can be judged from a single experiment, appear to be transient and associated with nausia. And if it is dispensed along with adrenalin to slow its absorption, as is at present the usual form, it appears to me that this possibility may be eliminated from consideration.

12. I enclose a list of the publications consulted on the subject.

Publications consulted in regard to Novocain.

Biberfeld, Medizine Klinick	... ...	1905 No.48.
Chevalier and Scrini, Bull:gen.de Therap	...	152, page 58.
Heineke and Lawen, Deutsch.Chr.f.Chir.	... ...	LXXX, page 180.
Braun, Deutsch. Med. Woch.	... ...	1905 No.42.
Schmidt, Munch ,, ,,	... ...	1905 No.46.
Hofmann ,, ,, , ,	... ...	1906 No.52.
Blondel Bull.gen.de Therap	... ...	No.152, page 657
Liebl. Munch Med. Woch.	... ...	1906 No.5.

Danielsen

Danielsen Med. Woch	...	...	...	1905	No.46.
Dietze .	...	...	...	1906	No.50.
Heinking	...	...	...	1906	No.50.
Steim	...	...	...	1906	No.50.
Sachse, Deutsch, Sahartzl. Woch.	VIII	...	...		No.45.
Fischer ,, ,, ,,	IX	...	...		No.50.
Hamecher, Odontolog. Blatter	XI	...	...		No.7-8.
Sonnenburg, Gedenkenschr. f. Leuthold		...	...	1906	page 15
Best Medizin. Woch.		...	...	1906	No.10.
Hermes, Med. Klinik		...	...	1906	No.19.
Ciecozynski. D. Monat f. Zohuheilk		...	...	1906	April.
Opitz, Munch. Med. Woch		...	...	1906	No.18.
Lucke, Monatsch f. Darkrank		...	...	1906	No.3.
Mr Krecke, Much. Med. Woch.		...	...	1906,	No.6.
Freeman, Dermatt. Centralbl	IX	...	...		No.8.
Dubot. Annal. de Policlinique.		...	...	1905	Oct.

No.298-T.Medl., dated the 20th May 1907.

From:- H.J.McIntosh, Esqr., I. C. S., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal Department,

To:- The Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.

With reference to Mr.Fergussons letter No.195, ~~dated~~ dated the 8th March 1907, I am directed to submit for the information of the Government of India a copy of a letter from the Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, No.402-D., dated the 27th April 1907, enclosing a report from the Chemical Examiner, Bengal, on the result of his analysis of the sample of Novocain" sent for examination. I am to enquire with reference to the last paragraph of the Chemical Examiner's letter whether the Government of India desire that further experiments should be conducted with the drugs.

No.402.

No.402-D., dated the 27th April, 18th May 1907.

From :- Colonel R.Macrae, M.B., I.M.S., Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal,

To :- The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal Department.

With reference to Government order No.475-Med., dated the 15th March 1907, regarding the proposed introduction into the Indian market of a new anæsthetic called "novocain", I have the honour to submit for the information of Government accompanying copy of letter No.369-A., dated the 20th instant from the Chemical Examiner to Government, from which it will be seen that he has not yet been able to arrive at any very definite conclusions regarding the drug. A further series of experiments is necessary, which I suggest, should be carried out.

No.369-A., dated the 20th April 1907.

From :- Captain J.Black, M.A., M.B., I.M.S., Officiating Chemical Examiner to the Government of Bengal,

To The Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

With reference to letter No.195, dated the 8th March 1905 from the Government of India, Home Department, bearing your endorsement No.2601, dated the 19th March, requesting me to analyse and report on the drug "Novocain", I have the honour to state that the drug is prepared from Coca leaves, and is closely allied chemically to cocaine.

2. Novocaine is, like cocaine, a local anaesthetic, but from experiments made on myself I am of opinion that novocain is in this respect much less powerful than cocaine.

3. As regards the toxic properties of novocain, the means at my disposal for making physiological experiments are very limited but I found that a dose of two grains of novocain administered to an adult cat caused no appreciable symptoms

symptoms whatever, whereas the same dose of cocaine caused very severe toxic symptoms. I am therefore of opinion that novocain is much less toxic than cocaine.

4. By administering gradually increasing doses of novocain, no doubt definite information could be gained as to whether it has toxic properties or not and what quantity, but in view of the recent protest against the use of animals for experimental purposes in scientific laboratories, I am unwilling to proceed further with my experiments in this direction unless acting under special instructions.

No.4558-Exc.

Government of India.

F I N A N C E D E P A R T M E N T.

Simla, the 22nd July 1907.

From

A.Yusuf-Ali, Esquire, I.C.S.,

Offg: Under Secretary to the Govt: of India;

To

The Manager,

The Saccharin Corporation, Limited, London.

Sir,

In reply to your letter dated the 23rd November 1906, to the address of the Department of Commerce and Industry, I am directed to say that the Government of India have now decided that "Novocain" shall for the present be treated for Excise purposes as an "intoxicating drug", under which category cocaine has been placed in the principal provinces of India. In accordance with this decision the importation of Novocain into India by post will be absolutely prohibited, its import by other means being at the same time restricted to cases in which it is imported by persons, or by their authorised agents, who have been specially permitted to import the drug by a Local Government or Administration. Its sale for other than bona fide medicinal purposes, will also be absolutely prohibited; but licenses for its sale for bona fide medicinal purposes, in limited quantities, will be issued to approved chemists, ~~druggists~~ druggists, pharmacists, and medical practitioners, who will be required to obtain their supplies either direct from Europe or from a licensed vendor in India.

I have &c.,

Sd/- A.Yusuf-Ali,

Offg: Under Secy: to the Govt: of India.

7/1608 67

No. 5743 - I.A.

A copy of the foregoing letter is forwarded to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore, for information, and any action that may be necessary.

8/2/08

RESIDENT'S OFFICE,
BANGALORE.
Register No. 684
Date of Receipt 7-2-08
File No. 215 of 94

By order, etc.,

Assistant Secretary to the Government of India.

Foreign Department,
Fort William;
The 3rd ~~January~~ Feby. 1908.

From the Government of India in the Finance Department to all Local Governments and Administrations (except the Punjab) No. 5539-Exc., dated the 6th September 1907, with enclosures.

No. 5539-Exc., dated Simla, the 6th September 1907.

From—A. Yusuf-Ali, Esq., Officiating Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department.

To—All Local Governments and Administrations (except the Punjab).

[With reference to the correspondence ending with your letter No. 298-T. Medl., dated the 20th May 1907, to the address of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department] * I am directed to forward for the information of the Government of

your
Madras,
Bombay,
Eastern Bengal and Assam,
United Provinces,
Burma,

information,

a copy of the papers specified in the margin, and to invite a reference to the marginally noted notifications † by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry (*a*) prohibiting the importation of "novocain" into British India by means of the post; (*b*) restricting its importation by other channels to cases in which it is imported by persons, or by their authorised agents, who have been specially permitted to import the drug; and (*c*) authorising certain officers of the Postal Department to search, or cause search to be made, for postal articles suspected to contain "novocain" in course of transmission by the post in contravention of the above provisions.

I am to request that §(with the permission of His ‖(with the permission of His Excellency the Governor in Council) Honour the Lieutenant-Governor) steps may be taken, if this has not already been done, to subject "novocain" to the same Excise restrictions as have been imposed in the case of cocaine with reference to the letter from this Department No. 6829-¶ 6830-** Exc., dated the 8th December 1906. 6831-††

* To Government of Bengal only.

1. From the Manager, the Saccharin Corporation, Limited, London, dated 23rd November 1906.
†2. To the Secretary, Revenue and Statistics Department, India Office, No. 692-Exc., dated 5th February 1907.
†3. To the Home Department, No. 1102-Exc., dated 23rd February 1907.
4. From the Home Department to the Government of Bengal, No. 195, dated 8th March 1907.
†5. From the Secretary, Revenue and Statistics Department, India Office, No. R. and S. 579, dated 1st May 1907, and enclosures.
6. From the Government of Bengal to the Home Department No. 298-T. Medl., dated 20th May 1907, and enclosures.
†7. To the Manager, the Saccharin Corporation, Limited, London, No. 4558-Exc., dated 22nd July 1907.

† For Bengal.

No. 7079-91, dated 23rd August 1907.
No. 7098-91, dated 23rd August 1907.

§ To Madras and Bombay.

‖ To Bengal, Eastern Bengal and Assam, the United Provinces, and Burma.

¶ To the Government of the United Provinces, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, North-West Frontier Province, Ajmer-Merwara and Coorg, and the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan only.

** To the Governments of Madras and Bombay only.

†† To the Governments of Bengal, Eastern Bengal and Assam, and Burma only.

Copy of the correspondence with a copy of the notifications referred to in paragraph 1, forwarded to—

The Home Department, for information.

The Foreign Department, for communication to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

Copy also forwarded to—

The Department of Commerce and Industry, with reference to the communications from that Department Nos. 7080-7097-91 and 7099-7115-91, dated the 23rd August 1907.

The Government of the Punjab, for information.

Dated the 23rd November 1906.

From—The Manager, the Saccharin Coporation, Limited, London,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

We are desirous of introducing upon the Indian market a new anæsthetic called "Novocain" the properties and value of which are fully described in the accompanying pamphlet, by which you will observe we claim that novocain is free of all the objections possessed by "Cocaine."

We are also sending you a small sample of novocain for your inspection, and we should be glad to learn from you at your earliest possible convenience the terms and conditions upon which novocain will be admitted into your country.

No. 656—147, dated the 21st January 1907.

Endorsed by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

(With a copy of notes).

Letter with enclosures, from the Saccharin Corporation, Limited, London, dated the 23rd November 1906.

Transferred to the Finance Department, for disposal

No. 656-Exc., dated the 5th February 1907.

From—H. F. HOWARD, Esq., Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department,

To—The Secretary, Revenue and Statistics Department, India Office, London.

I am directed to forward a copy of a letter, dated the 23rd November 1906, from the Saccharin Corporation of London, in which enquiry is made as to the terms and conditions upon which "Novocain," a drug manufactured by the firm and alleged to have anæsthetic properties, may be admitted into India.

2. The Government of India would be glad to learn whether anything is known in the United Kingdom as to the properties of the drug and the effects of its use, and in particular whether it has been found liable to abuse as an intoxicant or stimulant. I am to ask that any information on these points that may be forthcoming may, with the permission of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, be furnished to this Department as soon as possible.

Memo. No. 1102-Exc., dated the 23rd February 1907.

From—H. F. HOWARD, Esq., Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department,

To—The Home Department.

The undersigned is directed to forward a copy of a letter, dated the 23rd November 1906, from the Saccharin Corporation of London, in which enquiry has been made as to the terms and condition which "Novocain," a drug manufactured by the firm and alleged to have anæsthetic properties, may be admitted into India. Before replying to the enquiry this Department desires to ascertain whether it is a fact, as stated by the firm, that novocain is free from all the objections possessed by cocaine as an intoxicant or stimulant, and the undersigned is accordingly to request that the Home Department will be good enough to have a chemical analysis made of the drug and to report the result to this Department as soon as possible.

No. 195, dated the 8th March 1907.

From—J. C. FERGUSSON, Esq., Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal (Medical) Department.

I am directed to forward a copy of a letter, dated the 23rd November 1906, from the Saccharin Corporation, London, enquiring on what terms and conditions their new preparation "novocain" will be admitted into India.

Addressed to the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

Before replying to the enquiry the Government of India desire to ascertain whether it is a fact that "novocain" is not open to any of the objections that have led to the imposition of restrictions on cocaine. I am accordingly to request that with the permission of the Lieutenant-Governor, the Chemical Examiner at Calcutta may be asked for an analysis of the sample of "novocain" sent herewith, and that the result may be reported to the Government of India.

No. R. & S. 579, dated the 1st May 1907.

From—T. W. Holderness, Esq., C.S.I., Secretary, Revenue and Statistics Department, India Office, London,

To—The Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department.

In reply to your letter No. 692-Exc., of the 5th February, enquiring as to the properties of the drug "Novocain" and the effect of its use, I forward for information a report specially prepared by Professor A. R. Cushing, F.R.S., Professor of Pharmacology at University College, London. Professor Cushing adds that "he has had some difficulty in answering the question as to whether the drug is liable to abuse as an intoxicant, as, although it has been used in some thousands of surgical cases in Germany and France, it has not become known among the laity." But he thinks that he has given "some grounds for believing that it will not prove so fatally attractive as cocaine."

Report on Novocain.

Novocain is a new synthetic local anæsthetic introduced as a substitute for cocaine on the grounds that it is much less poisonous when absorbed and also less injurious locally. It appears to have been examined very little in this country, but considerable experience as to its effects has been gathered in Germany and France.

2. Novocain is the hydrochlorate of p-aminobenzoyl-diethylaminoethanols $C_6H_4 \begin{cases} HN_2 \\ COO.C_2H_4.N(C_2H_5)_2 \end{cases} . HCL$ and is from the chemical point of view related to several other local anæsthetics, of which anæsthesine-stovaine, and alypine may be mentioned. It is readily soluble in cold water, can be boiled without danger of decomposition and does not suffer from prolonged keeping in solution. Its effects on animals have been investigated, and the results published in three papers as follows :—

3. Biberfeld states that the minimal fatal dose per kilo. Rabbit injected hypodermically is 0·35—0·4 G., while that of cocaine is 0·05—0.

In dogs 0·25 G. of novocain per kilo. was not fatal, while 0·05—0·07 G. of cocaine per kilo. killed the animal.

Heineke and Lawen (Deutsch. Zeitschr. f. Chir. LXXX, p. 180) state that the minimal lethal dose of novocain for rabbits injected hypodermically is 0·73 G. per kilo. while that of cocaine is 0·1 G.

Chevalier and Scrini (Bull. gen. de Therap. 152, p. 58) state the minimal dose of novocain per kilo. in the cat injected intraperitoneally to be 0·45 G., in the dog 0·4 G.; injected intravenously 0·2 G. per kilo. was fatal to a dog.

4. In regard to the symptoms caused in animals by poisonous doses, Chevalier and Scrini state that these consist in transient excitement followed in 15—20 minutes by tremors, in co-ordination of the movements and partial paraplegia. The animal then falls on its side and convulsions and opisthotonos accompanied by great dyspnœa follow. Sensation seemed to persist at this stage. The convulsions became more violent and clonic and fatal respiratory failure followed during one of the intervals between the onsets. In cats there seemed to be hallucinations of vision in the earlier stages. Heineke and Lawen noted in rabbits a weakness in the extremities, the animal falling on its side, with very rapid respiration; clonic convulsive movements of the legs followed occasionally assuming the character of running movements. Tonic convulsions and violent opisthotonic jerks appeared somewhat later. The respiration became very quick and shallow, marked cyanosis set in and death followed from

respiratory failure. After smaller doses the convulsions were not so marke as persistent paresis; but the respiration was very rapid.

5. In regard to the action on the circulation and respiration, Biberfeld states that 0·15—0·2 G., injected into rabbits caused almost no change, and only on intravenous injection could a transient fall of blood pressure and slowing of the respiration be elicited, probably from a slight action on the medulla oblongata. Chevalier and Scrini confirm these results, and add that subsequently the heart is accelerated and the blood pressure rises and the respiration becomes more rapid. These later symptoms are probably observed only after larger doses than those employed by Biberfeld.

6. The general result of these experimental investigations is that the symptoms induced by novocain in animals resemble closely those induced by cocaine, each drug producing evidences of central nervous stimulation affecting especially the medulla oblongata and brain, while the spinal cord appears not to be involved. The chief difference lies in the great disproportion between the quantities necessary to induce symptoms, about five to seven times as much novocaine as cocaine being requisite.

7. Liebl has investigated the effects of large doses of novocain on himself by injecting a 10 per cent. solution into the subcutaneous tissues: 0·4 G. (=6 grs.) had no distinct effect except local anæsthesia, and he therefore injected 0·75 G. (=11½ grs.) more an hour later. A few minutes later a feeling of warmth all over the body, slight nausea and some motor excitement followed, somewhat resembling alcoholic intoxication. Some deafness, fullness of the head, difficulty in writing and impaired accommodation of sight were experienced. Some headache persisted for over half an hour, but in one hour all symptoms had disappeared. Liebl considers that the condition resembles alcoholic intoxication much more than cocaine poisoning.

8. A considerable number of other papers in regard to the action of novocain on man is available, giving statistics of many hundreds of cases, but in almost all of these the drug has been applied locally to the eye, mouth, throat, urethra, bladder and vagina for its local effects, and the writers are chiefly concerned with its utility in inducing anæsthesia. It is noteworthy, however, that although its drawbacks are freely commented on, no one of these writers has noted any symptoms of cerebral excitement in their patients, such as are common in the use of cocaine even now, and were still more frequently met with soon after its introduction. This negative evidence is the more valuable because very considerable quantities of novocain have frequently been injected. Thus in dental operations in which slight symptoms of poisoning often arise from the use of cocaine, novocain injected in 2 per cent. solution has apparently never induced any cerebral excitement after quantities of $\frac{1}{3}$—$\frac{1}{2}$ grain were injected. In general surgery quantities of 5—7 grains have been injected by the infiltration method and 1½ grains have been injected into a nervous plexus without any symptoms being induced.

9. Injections into the spinal canal have also been made in large numbers, in order to induce anæsthesia for surgical operations on the abdomen and lower limbs. For this purpose as much as 3 grains have occasionally been injected, though most operators have found 1½ to 2 grains sufficient. No symptoms of cerebral excitement have been observed. In a small number of cases pallor and weak pulse occurred during the operation, and in a larger number headache back-ache, nausea and vomiting persisted for some hours after the operation, but in the opinion of the operators these symptoms were not due to the anæsthetic itself, but to the shock; they were most marked in cases in which laparotomy was performed and seem on the whole to have been less marked than in subarachnoid anæsthesia induced by other drugs. One death is recorded after this use of novocain, but as no details are given, it is impossible to state whether it was due to the drug acting as a poison or to the manipulation. In most cases in which novocain had been used in surgery and dentistry it has been applied along with preparations of the active principle of the suprarenal gland, such as adrenalin, suprarenin, etc., and all writers are agreed that in order to obtain the full anæsthetic action, this addition is necessary. The effect of the adrenalin, etc., is to cause constriction of the vessels around the point of injection and thus delay the absorption of the novocain. In this way the local action is intensified and the passage of the anæsthetic to other

parts of the body, *e.g.*, the brain, is delayed. In those cases in which novocain has been employed without adrenalin, a certain amount of dissatisfaction has been expressed, as the action sets in slowly and the anæsthesia is very transient. But even in these cases no symptoms of poisoning have been observed. From this it seems not unlikely that novocain is rapidly excreted or rendered inert in the tissues and has less tendency to accumulate in them than cocaine.

10. Most writers on the subject agree that novocain is less efficient in inducing local anæsthesia than cocaine, while opinions vary as to its activity compared with the other synthetic local anæsthetics. When combined with adrenalin, however, novocain seems comparable with cocaine in efficacy and is devoid of the drawbacks inherent in this alkaloid and in most of its substitutes. The advantages of novocain are its weak toxic action, its ready solubility, its tolerance of boiling, which permit of its solutions being sterilised, and the absence of irritation at the point of application, even when it is applied in very strong solution (20 per cent.) or in powder.

11. The facts hitherto ascertained in regard to novocain may be summarised as follows :—

In very large quantities it has induced in animals symptoms indicating an action resembling that of cocaine on the central nervous system. And in one experiment on man, in which the quantity of 17½ grains was injected within 65 minutes, some symptoms pointing to cerebral action were induced in man. But in the comparatively large amounts used in surgery, no such symptoms and in fact no symptoms of any significance have been observed. It appears to be a valuable local anæsthetic, which, when associated with adrenalin, promises to rival cocaine. It is possible that the advantages which it appears to posses at present may be counterbalanced by features which have not yet been appreciated. There seems, however, little probability of its being abused as an intoxicant or stimulant as in the case of cocaine. For the dose required would obviously be very large and the symptoms, as far as can be judged from a single experiment, appear to be transient and associated with nausea. And if it is dispensed along with adrenalin to slow its absorption, as is at present the usual form, it appears to me that this possibility may be eliminated from consideration.

12. I enclose a list of the publications consulted on the subject.

Publications consulted in regard to Novocain.

Biberfeld, Medizin Klinik		1905,	No. 48.
Chevalier and Serini, Bull. gen. de Therap.			152, page 58.
Heineke and Lawen, Deutsch. chr. f. Chir.			LXXX, page 180.
Braun, Deutsch. Med. Woch.		1905,	No. 42.
Schmidt, Munch. „ „		1905,	No. 46.
Hofmann „ „ „		1906,	No. 52.
Blondel. Bull. gen. de Therap.			No. 152, page 657.
Liebl, Munch. Med. Woch.		1906,	No. 5.
Danielsen „ „		1905,	No. 46.
Dietze „ „ „		1906,	No. 50.
Heinking „ „		1906,	No. 50.
Steim „ „		1906,	No. 50.
Sachse, Deutsch. Zahartzl. Woch.	VIII		No. 45.
Fischer „ „ „	IX		No. 50.
Hamecher, Odontolog. Blatter.	XI		No. 7-8.
Sonnenburg, Gedenkenschr. f. Leuthold.		1906,	page 157.
Best. Medizin. Woch.		1906,	No. 10.
Hermes, Med. Klinik.		1906,	No. 13.
Ciecezynski. D. Monat f. Zohnheilk		1906.	April.
Opitz, Munch. Med. Woch.		1906,	No. 18.
Lucke, Monatsch. f. Darkrank		1906,	No. 3.
Krecke, Munch. Med. Woch.		1906,	No. 6.
Freemann, Dermatt. Centralbl.	IX		No. 8.
Duhot, Annal. de Policlinique		1905,	Oct.

4504 F. D.

No. 298-T., Medl., dated the 20th May 1907.

From—H. J. McIntosh, Esq., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal Department,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.

With reference to Mr. Furgusson's letter No. 195, dated the 8th March 1907, I am directed to submit for the information of the Government of India a copy of a letter from the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, No. 402-D., dated the 27th April 1907, enclosing a report from the Chemical Examiner, Bengal, on the result of his analysis of the sample of "Novocain" sent for examination. I am to enquire with reference to the last paragraph of the Chemical Examiner's letter whether the Government of India desire that further experiments should be conducted with the drugs.

No. 402-D., dated the $\frac{27\text{th April}}{18\text{th May}}$ 1907.

From—Colonel R. Macrae, M.B., I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal Department.

With reference to Government order No. 475-Med., dated the 15th March 1907, regarding the proposed introduction into the Indian market of a new anæsthetic called "novocain," I have the honour to submit for the information of Government accompanying copy of a letter No. 369-A., dated the 20th instant, from the Chemical Examiner to Government, from which it will be seen that he has not yet been able to arrive at any very definite conclusions regarding the drug. A further series of experiments is necessary which, I suggest, should be carried out.

No. 369-A., dated the 20th April 1907.

From—Captain J. Black, M.A., M.B., I.M.S., Officiating Chemical Examiner to the Government of Bengal,

To—The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.

With reference to letter No. 195, dated the 8th March 1907, from the Government of India, Home Department, bearing your endorsement No. 2601, dated 19th March, requesting me to analyze and report on the drug "Novocain," I have the honour to state that the drug is prepared from Coca leaves, and is closely allied chemically to cocaine.

2. Novocain is, like cocaine, a local anæsthetic, but from experiments made on myself I am of opinion that novocain is in this respect much less powerful than cocaine.

3. As regards the toxic properties of novocain, the means at my disposal for making physiological experiments are very limited, but I found that a dose of two grains of novocain administered to an adult cat caused no appreciable symptoms whatever, whereas the same dose of cocaine caused very severe toxic symptoms. I am therefore of opinion that novocain is much less toxic than cocaine.

4. By administering gradually increasing doses of novocain, no doubt definite information could be gained as to whether it has toxic properties or not and what quantity, but in view of the recent protest against the use of animals for experimental purposes in scientific laboratories, I am unwilling to proceed further with my experiments in this direction unless acting under special instructions.

No. 4558-Exc., dated Simla, the 22nd July 1907.

From—A. Yusuf-Ali, Esq., I.C.S., Officiating Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department,

To—The Manager, the Saccharin Corporation, Limited, London.

In reply to your letter, dated the 23rd November 1906, to the address of the Department of Commerce and Industry, I am directed to say that the Government of India have now decided that "Novocain" shall for the present be treated for Excise purposes as an "intoxicating drug," under which category

cocaine has been placed in the principal provinces of India. In accordance with this decision the importation of Novocain into India by post will be absolutely prohibited, its import by other means being at the same time restricted to cases in which it is imported by persons, or by their authorised agents, who have been specially permitted to import the drug by a Local Government or Administration. Its sale for other than *bona fide* medicinal purposes, will also be absolutely prohibited; but licenses for its sale for *bona fide* medicinal purposes, in limited quantities, will be issued to approved chemists, druggists, pharmacists and medical practitioners, who will be required to obtain their supplies either direct from Europe or from a licensed vendor in India.

No. 7079—91, dated Simla, the 23rd August 1907.

NOTIFICATION—by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

In exercise of the power conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea or by land into British India of "novocain" by means of the post, and to restrict its importation by any other means to cases in which it is imported by persons, or by their authorised agents, who have been specially permitted to import the drug by a Local Government or Administration.

Nos. 7080-7097—91.

A copy is forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations, for information.

A copy is also forwarwed to the $\frac{\text{Finance Department}}{\text{Director-General of the Post Office of India}}$, $\frac{}{\text{Director-General of Commercial Intelligence}}$, for information.

No. 7098—91, dated Simla, the 23rd August 1907.

NOTIFICATION—by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 25 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor-General in Council in pleased to empower the officers noted in the margin to search or cause search to be made for any "novocain," the bringing of which, by sea or by land, into British India is prohibited by Notification No. 7079-91 of this date in course of transmission by post to any place in British India, and to direct that the said officers shall deliver all such "novocain" found to the nearest officer for the time being in charge of the excise administration, and that such "novocain" shall be disposed of in accordance with the rules for the time being in force relating to "novocain" confiscated under the provisions of the Excise law in force for the time being in the part of British India in which the actual delivery of the "novocain" so found was made to the Excise officer aforesaid.

(1) The Mail Officer for the time being in charge of the BombayAden Sea Post Office.
(2) The Postmaster and the Deputy Postmaster at Karachi.
(3) The Presidency Postmaster, the Deputy Postmaster and the Assistant Postmasters at Bombay.
(4) The Presidency Postmaster, the Deputy Postmaster and the Assistant Postmasters at Madras.
(5) The Postmaster and Deputy Postmaster at Tuticorin.
(6) The Presidency Postmaster, the Deputy Postmaster and the Assistant Postmasters at Calcutta.
(7) The Postmaster, the Deputy Postmaster and the Assistant Postmasters at Rangoon.
(8) The Postmaster at Akyab.
(9) The Postmaster at Negapatam.

Nos. 7099-7115—91.

A copy is forwarded to the $\frac{\text{Director-General of the Post Office of India}}{\text{Finance Department}}$, for information and further necessary action.

A copy is also forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations.

G. I. C. P. O.—No. 4504 F. D.—25-1-1908.—170.—L. G. C.

R. P. B.—12-07.—2,000.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

68

Serial No.
File No. 275
94

[D R A F T .]—For approval.

From

F. P. RENNIE, Esq., I. C. S.,
1st Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.

To

The Collector & Dt. Magte.
Canara Dt.

No. 878 Ins 1
D/14th Feby 1908.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter No. 5805 dy the 12th September 1907, I am directed to forward for your info. a copy of a circular letter No. 5-5-3 dated the 6th Septr. 1907 from the Govt. of India in the Finance Dept. and, with reference to para 2 thereof, to request that draft notifications subjecting novocaine to the same excise restrictions as have been imposed in the case of cocaine may be forwarded to

S 65.

× to be returned.

Enc to P. 67

vide Govt notification 67, 68, 69 dated Aug 07. F. 36 ef 05.
Serials 4-9 & 51. F. 36 ef 05.

(Continuation of Draft.)

~~His Office~~ forwarded for the consideration of the President.

L. Lansing

for F. O. Lowden
1st Asst. Secy.

NNM
8.2.08

8/26/08

R. P. S.—12-07.—2,000.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Serial No.
File No. 275
84

[D R A F T .]—For approval.

From

F. P. RENNIE, Esq., I. C. S.,
1st Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.

To

The Dewan of Mysore.

No 1142 /
8/25 July 1908.

Sir.

I am directed to forward for information and favour of necessary action, a copy of a Circular letter No 5539 Exc. dy the 6th September 1907 from the Govt. of India in the Finance Dept. regarding the steps taken to subject "Novocain" to Excise restrictions under Excise Regulations. I have &c

Sd/- F. P. Rennie
1st Asst. Resdt.

Circular 67.

A/Nm
15-12-08

15/12/8.

R. P. B.—6-1904—2½

No. 724 Rec-one

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR,
CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION, BANGALORE.
Dated 26th February 1908.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE,
BANGALORE.
Diary No. 1056
Date of Receipt 27-2-08
File No. 275/1871

FROM

P. L. Moore ESQ., I. C. S.,
COLLECTOR,
CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION,
BANGALORE.

TO

F. P. Rennie Esquire, I. C. S.,
THE FIRST ASSISTANT TO THE HONOURABLE THE RESIDENT
IN MYSORE.

SIR,

III
1906

With reference to your letter No. 6666 dated 30th October 1907, I have the honor to submit herewith a revised draft order issuing instructions for the working of the Government Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station (for the Storage Etc. therein of Spirits and intoxicating drugs) with the necessary amendments made therein in red ink. These amendments are rendered necessary in consequence of the change of the source of supply of ganja required for the Station from 1st April next. I request that the order may be issued with the approval of the Honourable the Resident as early as possible.

The matter file has been submitted to the Collector & Resident of Bangalore for his consideration & orders. PL/26/

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

[signature]

Collector.

Dia/C

PROCEEDINGS OF THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

———:(o):———

ORDER.

No. ~~1803~~, dated Bangalore, the ~~7th April 1904~~.

In supersession of Order No. 1803, dated Bangalore the 7th April 1904

The Resident in Mysore is pleased to issue the following instructions for the working of the Government Warehouse established in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, for the storage therein, and supply therefrom, to the licensed shops in the Station, of spirits and intoxicating drugs :—

1. One of the Sub-Inspectors of the Excise Department shall, under the orders of the Superintendent of Excise, be in immediate charge of the Warehouse.

1 A.M.

The Resident is pleased to make the following amendments in the rules issued under the Proceedings read above :—

1. In Rule 2, For "7 A. M." and "12 Noon," read "11 A.M." and "5 P. M." respectively.

The Superintendent of Excise is authorized to grant permits in form ~~1 A. I. D.~~ for the importation of ~~intoxicating drugs~~ spirits into the Civil and Military Station from the Mysore Government ~~Ganja Warehouse~~ Distillery at Bangalore.

4. For supplies of ~~intoxicating drugs~~ spirits the Superintendent of Excise shall send to the officer in charge of the Mysore Government ~~Ganja Warehouse~~ Distillery an indent in form ~~2 A. I. D.~~ 2 A. together with the permit granted for the import of the consignment into the Civil and Military Station.

4. a...

5. The consignment of ~~intoxicating drugs~~ spirits shall be accompanied by a pass in form ~~3 A. I. D.~~ 3 A. from the officer in charge of the Mysore Government ~~Ganja warehouse~~ Distillery and each ~~box~~ cask will be sealed by that officer. On receipt of the consignment indented for the officer in charge of the Warehouse shall compare the contents as entered in the pass with the details printed on the casks or boxes in which they are contained. The seals also shall be examined. Discrepancies or other irregularities shall at once be entered on the reverse of the pass and in the officer's diary and a report shall also be made to the Superintendent of Excise. The date and hour of the receipt of the consignment shall also be entered on the reverse of the pass. An impression of the seal used by the officer in charge of the Mysore Government Distillery and Ganja Warehouse shall be kept at the warehouse.

Madras form 1. D. 16st

Store house, Kanjambadi

Residency Bragory

6. All spirits or intoxicating drugs shall be kept in the store-room provided for the purpose in the casks or boxes in which they are received and the key of the room shall be kept by the officer in charge.

7. The shroff at the Warehouse is authorized to receive payments of duty and cost price from licensed vendors desiring to purchase ~~intoxicating drugs~~ spirits from the Warehouse. The challan to be presented by such vendors shall be in form ~~5 A. I. D.~~ 5 A. The shroff shall grant receipts in from ~~6 A. I. D.~~ 6 A. The vendors will then submit an application in form ~~7 A. I. D.~~ 7 A. to the officer in charge, producing the shroff's receipt and a permit book in form ~~8 A. I. D.~~ 8 A. Requisitions for issue of ~~intoxicating drugs~~ spirits to several shops may be submitted on one application so long as the shops belong to one and the same licensed vendor.

8. Prior to the issue of ~~intoxicating drugs~~ spirits the officer in charge of the Warehouse shall enter the number of the receptacle from which the issue is to be made and the reputed quantity and, in the case of spirits, the strength of its contents in a register to be maintained for that purpose in form ~~4 A. I. D.~~ 4 A. A record of issues as they are made shall be maintained, and the total actual contents as

(2) substitute the following.—Any licensee or his agent who wishes to remove ——Spirits / Intoxicating Drugs—— from the Excise Warehouse, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, shall present a chalan in form 10 A or S. L. / 8 I. D. as herein modified, at the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, duly passed by the Excise Sub-Inspector of the Warehouse. After the entries are checked therein, he shall remit the amount to the Bank of Madras, Bangalore. On receipt of the amount accompanied by the chalan, the Agent, Bank of Madras, will sign the chalan and return the form marked A to the party, despatching the foils B & C to the Treasury Officer who will forward foil C to the Officer in charge of the Excise Warehouse. The licensee or his agent will then submit an application in form 7 A. or S. L. / 5 I. D. to the Officer in charge of the Warehouse producing the chalan Form 10 A or S. L. / 8 I. D. A and permit book in form 8A or S. L. / 6 I. D.. Requisition for issue of ——Spirits / Intoxicating Drugs—— to several shops may be submitted on one application so long as the shops belong to one and the same licensee. Applications not received by the Officer before 2 P. M. will not be complied with until the following day and no ——Spirits / Intoxicating Drugs—— shall be issued from the Warehouse after 5 P. M.

from the Warehouse at any one time.

3. In Rule 10, insert the following at the beginning.—On receipt of a requisition for a permit, the Officer in charge of the Warehouse will first verify the calculations of the amounts of cost price and duty contained therein, comparing the figures with Form 10 A or S. L. / 8 I. D. (A) enclosed and Form 10 A or S. L. / 8 I. D. (C) received from the Treasury and satisfy himself that the documents are in order. If form 10 A or S. L. / 8 I. D. (C) should have failed to reach the Officer in charge, the production of the licensee's receipt (Form 10 A or S. L. / 8 I. D. A) will be sufficient warrant to him for issue of permit, provided he sees no reason to doubt the genuineness of the receipt.

11. A guard shall be maintained at the Warehouse the strength of which shall ordinarily be two peons. The Superintendent of Excise shall, when collections are kept in the cash chest of the Warehouse, arrange for an extra guard to watch over the cash chest.

12. The use of uncovered lights of any description within the Warehouse is prohibited.

13. All measures and weights used at the Warehouse shall from time to time be inspected and gauged by the Superintendent of Excise or his Assistant, and whenever this is done the result shall be recorded by the inspecting officer in the Warehouse diary (*vide* Rule 19 (g).)

14. The Superintendent of Excise and his Assistant shall inspect the Warehouse as frequently as possible without previous notice being given.

15. Except with the permission of the Superintendent of Excise, or other superior officer, no one except officers of the Excise department and the superior officers of other Government Departments, licensees and their servants who come to purchase intoxicating drugs or spirits shall enter the Warehouse on any pretext whatever.

16. All persons entering the Warehouse shall be subject to the control of the officer in charge in respect of their conduct and proceedings within the Warehouse and shall be liable to search on their quitting the premises at the discretion of the officer in charge.

17. The officer in charge of the Warehouse may eject from the premises any person whom he may find to have committed or to be about to commit any breach of these rules, or of the provisions of the Excise Act, 1896, or who may be intoxicated, riotous or disorderly.

18. All forms which licensees of excise shops are required to use under the rules issued by competent authority shall be supplied to them by the Officer in charge of the Warehouse on payment of such price as may be fixed by the Collector at as near the cost price as possible.

19. The following registers and accounts shall be maintained in the Warehouse in the forms appended to these Rules :—

(*Note.*—The letter "A" denotes arrack series and the letters "I. D." denote intoxicating drug series).

(*a*) *Form* 4 A. / 4 I. D. (*Register of* ——spirits / intoxicating drugs—— *received into and issued from the Warehouse*).—The Register in form 4 A contains columns for noting the strength of spirits. In column 5 of this form the officer in charge of the Warehouse shall enter the strength of spirits contained in the cask opened ascertained by him prior to issue (*vide* also rule 8).

(*b*) *Form* $\frac{9\text{ A.}}{9\text{ I. D.}}$ (*Detailed account showing the quantity of* $\frac{\text{spirits}}{\text{intoxicating drugs}}$ *sold daily*).—The officer in charge of the Warehouse shall maintain an account in this form which must be written up at the close of each day's transactions and must be compared by him with the shroff's collections on account of spirits and intoxicating drugs for the day as entered in the latter's cash-books, with the totals of which it should tally. If he finds that the totals of the figures tally with the shroff's cask account he shall initial the latter account in token of its being correct. Should he find any discrepancy that cannot be accounted for he shall at once report the fact to the Superintendent of Excise. A copy of this account shall be submitted daily to the Collector through the Superintendent of Excise.

(*c*) *Form* $\frac{10\text{ A.}}{10\text{ I. D.}}$ (*Chellan for payment of money into the Resident's Treasury*).—The shroff shall at the close of each day's transaction pay the total collections into the Resident's Treasury. The remittance shall be accompanied by duplicate chellans in this form. There shall be separate chellans in respect of collections on account of spirits and intoxicating drugs and in the case of each of these also there shall be separate chellans for the cost price of the excisable articles and for the duty collected thereon. All chellans shall be checked and initialled by the officer in charge of the Warehouse. On receipt of the remittance one copy of each chellan shall be signed by the Treasury Officer in token of the receipts of the remittance and the duplicate shall be retained by him. Should the treasury be closed on account of some gazetted holiday or otherwise, the collections shall be kept in the cash chest at the Warehouse, one key of which shall be kept by the shroff and the other by the officer in charge of the Warehouse. As soon as the treasury re-opens necessary remittances shall be made.

(*d*) *Form* $\frac{11\text{ A.}}{11\text{ I. D.}}$ (*Abstract Account of total daily receipts and sales with stock and cash account*).—The officer in charge of the Warehouse shall keep an abstract account of the total daily receipts and sales of spirits and intoxicating drugs in this form. He shall write it up daily. At the close of each month the totals shall be filled up and an extract of the account in the same form shall be submitted to the Collector through the Superintendent of Excise on or before the 5th of the following month together with the original permits in form $\frac{3\text{ A.}}{3\text{ I. D.}}$ covering the amount of excisable articles received during the month and the applications in form $\frac{7\text{ A.}}{7\text{ I. D.}}$ and the shroff's receipts in form $\frac{6\text{ A.}}{6\text{ I. D.}}$ for the amount of duty and cost price collected on all issues during the month. Every entry in form $\frac{11\text{ A.}}{11\text{ I. D.}}$ must be checked by the Superintendent of Excise or his Assistant with other Warehouse accounts and must bear the initial of the checking officer in token of its being correct. The extract shall also be checked in the Collector's Office with its enclosures in forms $\frac{3, 6, 7\text{ A.}}{3, 6, 7\text{ I. D.}}$. The Collector shall also obtain from the officer in charge of the Mysore Government Distillery and Ganja Warehouse Duplicates of the permits in form $\frac{3\text{ A.}}{3\text{ I. D.}}$ which shall be checked with the permits received from the warehouse. The account submitted by the Treasury Officer of collections received from the Warehouse during the month shall also be compared in the Collector's Office with the particulars of remittances made as entered in form $\frac{10\text{ A.}}{10\text{ I. D.}}$.

(*e*) *Form* $\frac{12\text{ A.}}{12\text{ I. D.}}$ (*Shroff's cash book*).—The shroff shall keep separate cash accounts in these forms on account of spirits and intoxicating drugs.

(*f*) *Form* $\frac{13\text{ A.}}{13\text{ I. D.}}$ (*Register of receptacles used in the Warehouse for storage and transport of* $\frac{\text{spirits}}{\text{intoxicating drugs}}$).—Every cask or box used in the Warehouse shall bear a consecutive number and shall be entered in this register. In the case of casks, as such measurements may be useful for reference though not absolutely correct, the capacity by the gauging rod, the diameters and the length shall as far as possible be taken and recorded in this register, as also its exact contents as ascertained by actual measurement with spirits or water. All entries in this register shall be dated and initialled by the officer making them.

(*g*) *Form 14—Warehouse diary*).—The officer in charge of the Warehouse shall keep a diary in this form in which he shall record at the time and in ink the exact hours of his daily arrival at and departure from the Warehouse, of his opening and closing of the same, of the receipt and removal of spirits and intoxicating drugs. He shall also record herein all action taken by him under the Warehouse rules. He shall also keep a full record of the use made of lock tickets. The shroff shall enter in this diary the exact hour of his daily arrival at the Warehouse. Superior officers inspecting the Warehouse should initial the diary after entry of such remarks as they find necessary, and should append to their initial the date and hour of their visit.

(*h*) *Form 15—(Duty Roster)*.—This Register must show, the date and hour on which each peon shall be on duty, and be filled in daily by the officer in charge and read over to the guard.

(*i*) *Form 16—(Register of store articles)*.—A list of all articles used at or in connection with the Warehouse shall be maintained by the officer in charge in this form.

20. Payment for the cost price of spirits ~~or intoxicating drugs~~ supplied to the Warehouse shall be made in the following manner :—

(i) A bill for the cost price of the spirits ~~or intoxicating drugs~~ supplied to the Warehouse shall be submitted by the ~~manufacturers~~ contractors to the Superintendent of Excise, ~~in the case of spirits~~ once a fortnight ~~and in the case of intoxicating drugs once a month.~~

(ii) On receipt of the bill the Superintendent of Excise or his Assistant shall check it with the Warehouse accounts, and having ascertained that the amount of the bill is correct shall certify to the following effect on the bill.

"Certified that I have personally checked this bill with the Warehouse accounts and found that the amount of the same (rupees in words) is correct."

(iii) Should the bill submitted be found to be incorrect it shall at once be returned to the ~~manufacturers~~ contractor for amendment.

(iv). The Collector shall on receipt of the bill from the Superintendent of Excise have it checked in his office and then pass it for payment at the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury.

"By Order"

~~R. M. KING,~~

First Assistant to the Resident.

Form No. I A.

Permit for the import of Arrack from the Mysore Government Distillery into the C. & M. Station of Bangalore.

N. B.—The permit should be issued in duplicate. One copy to be filed in the Mysore Government Distillery and the other to accompany the consignment.

1 Name of permit holder.	2 Quantity. Gallons.	Drams.	3 Place of despatch and route.	4 Period for which permit is valid From	To	5 Remarks.

C. & M. Station, Bangalore.

Date

Superintendent of Excise.

Permit for the import of Arrack from the Mysore Government Distillery into the C. & M. Station of Bangalore.

N. B.—The permit should be issued in duplicate. One copy to be filed in the Mysore Government Distillery and the other to accompany the consignment.

1 Name of permit holder.	2 Quantity. Gallons.	Drams.	3 Place of despatch and route.	4 Period for which permit is valid. From	To	5 Remarks.

C. & M. Station, Bangalore.

Date

Superintendent of Excise.

Form No. 2. A.

No. dated 190

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF EXCISE,
Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To

THE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF
BANGALORE DISTILLERY

SIR,

I have the honour to request that you will supply me with casks of under-proof liquor.

2. The import permit prescribed by the rules in force in the Civil and Military Station, is enclosed.

I have &c.,

Superintendent of Excise.

☞ *Endorsement to be printed on the back of this form.*

Received cask of arrack as per pass No. dated from the Excise Officer issuing liquor from Bangalore Distillery, at on

Sub-Inspector.

No. dated 190

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF EXCISE,
Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To

THE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF
BANGALORE DISTILLERY.

SIR,

I have the honour to request that you will supply me with casks of , under-proof liquor.

2- The import permit prescribed by the rules in force in the Civil and Military Station, is enclosed.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Excise.

No.

COUNTERFOIL.

Pass for the transport of liquor to the Excise Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

Name of cartman or carrier.

Time allowed for transit.

1 Number of cask.	2 Description and strength of spirits.	3 Quantity. Gallons.	3 Quantity. Drams.	4 Remarks.

Dated 190 . *Excise Officer issuing liquor.*

No. Form No. 3-A.

(TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE COLLECTOR.)

Pass for the transport of liquor to the Excise Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

Name of cartman or carrier.

Time allowed for transit.

1 Number	2 Description and strength of spirits.	3 Quantity. Gallons.	3 Quantity. Drams.	4 Remarks.

Dated 190 . *Excise Officer issuing liquor.*

No.

(TO ACCOMPANY THE CONSIGNMENT.)

Pass for the transport of liquor to the Excise Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

Name of cartman or carrier.

Time allowed for transit.

1 Number of cask.	2 Description and strength of spirits.	3 Quantity. Gallons.	3 Quantity. Drams.	Remarks.

Dated 190 . *Excise Officer issuing liquor.*

ENDORSEMENT.

Produced by at the Excise warehouse on 190 . at A. M., compared with the details painted on the casks and the seals &c., on the casks examined and found to be correct. Contents received and booked.

Sub-Inspector in charge of the Excise Warehouse.

Submitted to the Collector Checked.

Dated 190 *Superintendent of Excise.*

Form No. 4 A.

Register of spirits received and issued from each cask in the Excise Warehouse, C. & M. Station, Bangalore.

Date.	No. and reputed quantity and strength of the cask opened.			Actual strength as ascertained prior to issue.	Issues.			Actual quantity as ascertained on emptying cask.	Wastage or excess.	Remarks.
	Cask No.	Reputed quantity.	Strength.		Permit No.	Shop No.	Quantity.			
1	2	3 Gals.—Drs.	4	5	6	7	8 Gals.—Drs.	9 Gals.—Drs.	10 Gals.—Drs.	11

Form 5 A.

No. Dated 190 .

To

The Shroff, Government Excise Warehouse, Bangalore.

Sir,

Please receive the sum of Rs. as detailed below, on account of the undermentioned spirits to be removed from the Excise Warehouse for sale at Shop No.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of gals. of the strength of u. p. at Rs. per gal.			
2. Duty on do do do			
Total Rs...			

Yours faithfully,

Licensee of Shop No

Form 6 A.

No. dated 190 .

Received from

the sum of *Rs.

as detailed below.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of gals. of u. p. arrack at Rs. per gal. ...			
2. Duty on gals. of u. p. arrack at Rs. per gal. ...			
Total Rs...			

Initials of Shroff.

No. dated 190

Received from

the sum of *Rs

as detailed below.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of gals. of u. p. arrack at Rs. per gal. ...			
2. Duty on gals. of u. p. arrack at Rs. per gal. ...			
Total Rs....			

Shroff at Excise Warehouse.

* Here enter the amount in words.

Form No. 7. A.

No. Dated 190

To

The Officer in charge of the Excise Warehonse, Bangalore.

Sir,

Please issue permit for the transport of the undermentioned spirit for the duty on and the price of which I herewith submit Shroff's receipt No. dated for Rs.

Quantity	Strength.	Price.	Duty.	Consignee's shops.		Remarks.
				No.	Locality.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Yours faithfully
Licenseeof Shop No.

Form 8 A.

ARRACK PERMIT BOOK

Licensed Shop-keeper named No. is permitted to transport the undermentioned arrack to his licensed shop at rom the Government Excise Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

Serial No. of permit.	Date and hour of issue.	Quantity of arrack issued.	No. of cask from which issued.	Route by which the arrack is to be transported.	Period of currency of permit.	Signature of the person granting the permit.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Form 9 A.

Detailed Account showing the quantity of spirits sold daily to retail vendors of Arrack in the Civil and Military Station.

Month and Date.	Arrack Shop No.	No. of Gallons sold.	Price of spirits.	Govern-ment duty.	Total.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Form No. 10 A.

No.

ORIGINAL.

Challan for payment of money into the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore.

1 By whom paid (with signature and date).	2 On what account.	3 Amount.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Rupees	Total.....			

Received Rupees

entered

Resident's Treasury.

Date,

Accountant.

Treasurer

Treasury Officer.

No.

DUPLICATE.

Challan for payment of money into the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore.

1 By whom paid (with signature and date).	2 On what account.	3 Amount.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Rupees	Total.....			

Received Rupees

entered

Resident's Treasury.

Date,

Accountant.

Treasurer.

Treasury Officer.

Form No. II A.

Abstract account of total daily receipts and sales of Arrack at the Excise Warehouse with abstract stock and cash account for the month of 190

1 Month and date.	2 Opening balance.		3 Receipts.					4 Total.		5 Expenditure.						6 Closing balance.		7 Price.			8 Duty.			9 Remaks.
			Pass.		No. of casks.	Quantity.				Sales.		Wastage.		Total.										
	Gls.	Drs.	No.	Date.		Gls.	Drs.	Gls.	Drs.	Gls.	Drs.	Gls.	Drs.	Gls.	Drs.	Gls.	Drs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	

Form No. 12 A.

Receipts.						Cash Account.	Expenditure.					
1 Month and date.	2 Particulars.	3 Amount.			4 Total.			5 Remarks.	6 Month and date.	7 Particulars.	8 Amount.			9 Total.			10 Remarks.
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.				Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	

Form No. 13 A.

Register of casks used in the Excise Warehouse of the Civil and Military Station.

Consecutive No.	Contents in gallons by measurement.	Bung measurement.		Diameter at heads (inside)	Length.	Date of measurement.	Initials of measuring officer.	Remarks.
		From bung hold to lower chunt (average)	Bung diameter.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Form No. I I. D.

Permit for the import of intoxicating drugs from the Mysore Government Ganja Warehouse into the C. & M. Station of Bangalore.

N. B.—The permit should be issued in duplicate. One copy to be filed in the Mysore Government Ganja Warehouse and the other to accompany the consignment.

1	2		3	4	5
Name of permit holder.	Quantity.		Place of despatch and route.	Period for which permit is valid	Remarks.
	Seers.	Tolas.		From / To	

C. & M. Station, Bangalore.

Date *Superintendent of Excise.*

Permit for the import of intoxicating drugs from the Mysore Government Ganja Warehouse into the C. & M. Station of Bangalore.

N. B.—The permit should be issued in duplicate. One copy to be filed in the Mysore Government Ganja Warehouse and the other to accompany the consignment.

1	2		3	4	5
Name of permit holder.	Quantity.		Place of despatch and route.	Period for which permit is valid.	Remarks.
	Seers.	Tolas.		From / To	

C. & M. Station, Bangalore.

Date *Superintendent of Excise.*

Form No. 2. I. D.

No. *dated* *190* .

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF EXCISE,

Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To

The Collector

~~THE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE MYSORE GANJA WAREHOUSE BANGALORE.~~

North Arcot District, Madras Presidency.

SIR,

I have the honour to request that you will supply me with

seers of

~~2. The import permit prescribed by the rules in force in the Civil and Military Station, is enclosed.~~

I have &c.,

Superintendent of Excise.

☞ *Endorsement to be printed on the back of this form.*

Received . . seers of ganja as per pāss No: dated from the Officer in charge of the Mysore Ganja Warehouse at on

Sub-Inspector.

No. *dated* *190*

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF EXCISE,

Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To

The Collector

~~THE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE MYSORE GANJA WAREHOUSE BANGALORE.~~

North Arcot District, Madras Presidency.

SIR,

I have the honour to request that you will supply me with

seers of

~~2. The import permit prescribed by the rules in force in the Civil and Military Station, is enclosed.~~

ve the honour to be,

Sir,

ır most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Excise.

Form 3 I. D.

COUNTERFOIL.

No.

Pass for the transport of to the Excise Warehouse of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

Name of cartman or carrier.

Time allowed for transit.

1 No. of case or chest.	2 Quantity.		3 Remarks.
	Seers.	Tolas.	

Excise Officer issuing

(TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE COLLECTOR.)

No.

Pass for the transport of to the Excise Warehouse of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

Name of cartman or carrier.

Time allowed for transit.

1 No. of case or chest.	2 Quantity.		3 Remarks.
	Seers.	Tolas.	

Excise Officer issuing

(TO ACCOMPANY THE CONSIGNMENT.)

No.

Pass for the transport of to the Excise Warehouse of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

Name of cartman or carrier.

Time allowed for transit.

1 Name of case or chest.	2 Quantity.		3 Remarks.
	Seers.	Tolas.	

Excise Officer issuing

Produced by at the Excise Warehouse and compared with the details marked on the $\frac{\text{cases}}{\text{chests}}$ and the seals &c., examined and found to be correct. Contents received and booked.

Sub-Inspector in charge of Excise Warehouse.

Submitted to the Collector checked.

Dated *190* *Superintendent of Excise*

Form. No. 4 I. D.

Register of intoxicating drugs received and issued from each box in the Excise Warehouse, C. & M. Station, Bangalore.

Date.	No. of box opened and reputed quantity.		Issues.			Actual quantity as ascertained on emptying box.	Wastage or excess.	Remarks.
	Box No.	Quantity.	Permit No.	Shop No.	Quantity.			
1	2	3 S.—T.	4	5	6 S—T.	7 S.—T.	8 S.—T.	9

Form 5 I. D.

No. Dated 190

To

The Shroff, Government Excise Warehouse, Bangalore.

Sir

Please receive the sum of Rs. as detailed below, on account of the undermentioned quantity of intoxicating drugs to be removed from the Excise Warehouse for sale at Shop No.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of seers of at Rs. per seer			
2. Duty on do do do			
Total Rs...			

Yours faithfully,

Licensee Shop No. of

Form 6 I. D.

No. dated 190

Received from

the sum of *Rs.

as detailed below.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of seers of at Rs. per seer ...			
2. Duty on seers of at Rs. per seer ...			
Total Rs...			

Initials of Shroff.

No. dated 190

Received from

the sum of *Rs

as detailed below.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of seers of at Rs. per seer ...			
2. Duty on seers of at Rs. per seer ...			
Total Rs...			

Shroff at Excise Warehouse.

*Here enter the amount in words.

Form No. 7. I. D.

No. Dated 190

To

The Officer in charge of the Excise Warehouse, Bangalore.

Sir,

Please issue permit for the transport of the undermentioned quantity of ganja for the duty on and the price of which I herewith submit Shroff's receipt No. dated for Rs.

Quantity.	Price.	Duty.	Consignee's shops.		Remarks.
			No.	Locality.	
1	2	3	4		5

Yours faithfully
Licensee of Shop No.

Form No. 8. I. D.

PERMIT BOOK

Licensed Shop-keeper named No. is permitted to transport the undermentioned ganja to his licensed shop at from the Government Excise Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

Serial No. of permit.	Date and hour of issue.	Quantity of ganja issued.	Route by which the ganja is to be transported.	Period of currency of permit.	Signature of the person granting the permit.
1	2	3	4	5	6

Form 9 I. D.

Statement showing the quantity of intoxicating drugs sold daily to retail vendors of ganja in the Civil and Military Station.

Month and Date.	Ganja Shop No.	No. of seers sold.	Price.	Government duty.	Total.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Form No. 10 I. D.

No.

ORIGINAL.

Challan for payment of money into the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore.

1 By whom paid (with signature and date).	2 On what account.	3 Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Rupees	Total.....			

Received Rupees

entered

Resident's Treasury.

Date,

Accountant.

Treasurer

Treasury Officer.

No.

DUPLICATE.

Challan for payment of money into the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore.

1 By whom paid (with signature and date).	2 On what account.	3 Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Rupees	Total.....			

Received Rupees

entered

Resident's Treasury.

Date,

Accountant.

Treasurer.

Treasury Officer.

Form No. III. D.

Abstract account of total daily receipts and sales of intoxicating drugs at the Excise Warehouse with abstract stock and cash account for the month of 190

Month and Date.	Opening balance.		Receipts.					Total.		Expenditure.						Closing Balance.		Price			Duty.			Remarks.
			Pass.		No. of boxes.	Quantity.				Sales.		Wastage.		Total.										
	Seers.	Tolas.	No.	Date.		Seers.	Tolas	Seers.	Tolas.	Seers	Tolas.	Seers.	Tolas.	Seers.	Tolas.	Seers.	Tolas.	Rs.	A	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	

Form No. 12 I. D.

Cash Account.

Receipts.								Expenditure.							
1 Month and date.	2 Particulars.	3 Amount.			4 Total.			5 Remarks.	6 Month and date.	7 Particulars.	8 Amount.			9 Total.			10 Remarks.
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.				Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	

Form No. 13 I. D.

Register of boxes used in the Excise Warehouse, C. & M. Station.

Consecutive No.	Contents.	Date of Measurement.	Initials of measuring officer.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5

Form No. 14.

Diary of the Officer in charge of the Excise Warehouse.

Date.	Serial No. of transaction.	Hour.	No. of lock ticket.		Particulars.
			Put on.	Taken off.	
1	2	3	4	5	6

Form No. 15.

Duty Roster.

Date.	Names.	Hour of duty.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4

Form No. 16.

Store Register of articles in the Excise Warehouse, C. & M. Station.

Date of receipt.	Description of article.	Remarks.
1	2	3

PROCEEDINGS OF THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

—:o:—

ORDER.

No. 2060, dated Bangalore, the 8th April 1908.

In supersession of this office order No. 1803, dated the 7th April 1904, the Resident in Mysore is pleased to issue the following instructions for the working of the Government Warehouse established in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, for the storage therein, and supply therefrom, to the licensed shops in the Station, of spirits and intoxicating drugs. These instructions will take effect from 1st April 1908.

1. One of the Sub-Inspectors of the Excise Department shall, under the orders of the Superintendent of Excise, be in immediate charge of the Warehouse.

2. In Rule 2, For "7 A.M." and "12 Noon," read "11 A.M." and "5 P.M." respectively.

3. The Superintendent of Excise is authorized to grant permits in form 1 A. for the importation of spirits into the Civil and Military Station from the Mysore Government Distillery at Bangalore.

4. For supplies of spirits, the Superintendent of Excise shall send to the officer in charge of the Mysore Government Distillery an indent in form 2 A. together with the permit granted for the import of the consignment into the Civil and Military Station.

5. For supplies of intoxicating drugs, the Superintendent of Excise shall send to the officer of the Madras Government appointed for the purpose an indent in form 1 I. D. who will arrange for compliance with this indent.

6. The consignment of spirits shall be accompanied by a pass in form 3 A. from the officer in charge of the Mysore Government Distillery and

(2) *In rule 6,* after the words "each cask," *insert* the words "or crate," after the words "on the casks," *insert* the words "or with the contents of the crates," and after the words "are contained," *insert* the words "according as the pass is 3 A or 3 S.L."

and a report shall also be made to the Superintendent of Excise. The date and hour of the receipt of the consignment shall also be entered on the reverse of the pass. An impression of the seal used by the officer in charge of the Mysore Government Distillery shall be kept at the Warehouse.

7. The consignment of intoxicating drugs shall be accompained by the necessary permit issued under the rules in force in the Madras Presidency. The consignment shall on arrival be verified by the Officer in charge of the Resident's Treasury and the permit which accompanied it returned to the Store House Officer with the necessary entries made on its reverse.

8. All spirits or intoxicating drugs shall be kept in the store-room pro-

(3) *In rule 8,* after the words "in the casks," insert the word "crates."

9. The shroff at the Warehouse is authorized to receive payments of duty and cost price from licensed vendors desiring to purchase spirits from the Warehouse. The chellan to be presented by such vendors shall be in form 5 A.

3. For rule 9. substitute the following.—Any licensee on his

I. Para.

1. In line 4, delete the words "the Honourable the Resident's Treasury, duly passed by"

2. In lines 4 and 5, substitute the words "Office," and" for "Sub-Inspector of the Warehouse" and alter the capital letter "A" in the word "After" to small letter "a"

3. In lines 8, 9 and 10, for the words "despatching the foils B and C to the Treasury Officer who will forward foil C to the Officer in charge of the Excise Warehouse"—substitute the following:—

"despatching the foils B and C with the daily statement to the Treasury Officer who will pass on foil C to the Excise Superintendent for despatch to the Officer in charge of the Excise Warehouse"

4. In line 10, insert the following sentence after the sentence ending with the word "Warehouse"—.

""The Excise Superintendent shall maintain a register of chalans as required by article 704 of the Civil Account Code"

the production of the licensee's receipt (Form $\frac{\text{10 A or S. L.}}{\text{8 I. D.}}$ A) will be sufficient warrant to him for issue of permit provided the genuineness of the receipt

II. Para.

3. In line 5, substitute the words "Excise Office" for "Treasury" the office

1 and smaller quantity of $\frac{\text{spirits}}{\text{intoxicating drugs}}$ than $\frac{\text{one imperial gallon}}{\text{one seer}}$ shall be issued from the Warehouse at any one time.

12. On each cask used at the Warehouse for the conveyance of spirits from the Mysore Government Distillery the contents in gallons, the consecutive number of the cask according to the register and the letters "C. and M. Warehouse" shall be legibly cut or branded or marked in oil paint. If a cask is taken to pieces for repairs or for purposes of easy transport it need not be re-gauged, unless on checking the bung capacity, the diameters and the length, which shall always be done, a difference exceeding 1 per cent be found in which case it shall be re-gauged.

13. A guard shall be maintained at the Warehouse the strength of which shall ordinarily be two peons. The Superintendent of Excise shall, when collections are kept in the cash chest of the Warehouse, arrange for an extra guard to watch over the cash chest.

14. The use of uncovered lights of any description within the Warehouse is prohibited.

15. All measures and weights used at the Warehouse shall from time to time be inspected and gauged by the Superintendent of Excise or his Assistant, and whenever this is done the result shall be recorded by the inspecting officer in the Warehouse diary (*vide* Rule 21 (g).)

16. The Superintendent of Excise and his Assistant shall inspect the Warehouse as frequently as possible without previous notice being given.

17. Except with the permission of the Superintendent of Excise, or other superior officer, no one except officers of the Excise department and the superior officers of other Government Departments, licensees and their servants who come to purchase intoxicating drugs or spirits shall enter the Warehouse on any pretext whatever.

18. All persons entering the Warehouse shall be subject to the control of the officer in charge in respect of their conduct and proceedings within the Warehouse and shall be liable to search on their quitting the premises at the discretion of the officer in charge.

19. The Officer in charge of the Warehouse may eject from the premises any person whom he may find to have committed or to be about to commit any breach of these rules, or of the provisions of the Excise Act, 1896, or who may be intoxicated, riotous or disorderly.

20. All forms which licensees of excise shops are required to use under the rules issued by competent authority shall be supplied to them by the Officer in charge of the Warehouse on payment of such price as may be fixed by the Collector at as near the cost price as possible.

21. The following registers and accounts maintained in the Warehouse in the forms appended to these Rule

(4) *In rule 21,* under the heading "note," "I. D." denote intoxicating drug series," insert the words "letters series."

spirits

issued

(1) Under forms of A series occurring in the rules, *insert* forms of noting S. L. series of the same number, except in the case of form 13 A. of the Warehouse shall enter the strength of spirits contained in the cask opened, ascertained by him prior to issue (*vide* also rule 10).

4. For Rule 21 (b), substitute the following.—

Form $\frac{7\text{ A or S. L.}}{7\text{ I. D.}}$. The Officer in charge of the Warehouse shall maintain an account in this form which must be written up at the close of each day's transactions. A copy of this account shall be submitted the same evening to the Collector through the Superintendent of Excise, accompanied by the vouchers, i. e.—licensee's application for permits $\frac{7\text{ A or S. L.}}{5\text{ I. D.}}$ and chalans Form $\frac{10\text{ A or S. L.}}{8\text{ I. D.}}$ (A) or Bank receipts for the amount of duty and cost price.

of Excise. A copy of this account shall be submitted daily to the Collector through the Superintendent of Excise.

10-A.

5. For Rule 21 (c), substitute the following :—

Form $\frac{10\text{ A or S. L.}}{8\text{ I. D.}}$ (chalan for payment of duty and cost price of $\frac{\text{Spirits}}{\text{Intoxicating Drugs}}$ into the Bank of Madras). All remittances on account of duty and cost price of $\frac{\text{Spirits}}{\text{Intoxicating Drugs}}$ shall be accompanied by triplicate chalans.

III. Para. 5.—

1. In line 5, omit the words "the same day" A to ıry

2. In line 6, insert the following words between "foil C to" and ise "the Officer"—"the Excise Superintendent for despatch to" ıed ut

in respect of collections on account of country spirits, special liquors and intoxicating drugs. This form shall also be used by the licensees of excise shops with necessary alterations, for payment of price of forms into the Treasury.

(d) *Form* $\frac{11\text{ A.}}{9\text{ I. D.}}$ *(Abstract Account of total daily receipts and sales with stock and cash account).*—The Officer in charge of the Warehouse shall keep an abstract account of the total daily receipts and sales of spirits and intoxicating drugs in this form. He shall write it up daily. At the close of each month the totals shall be filled up and an extract of the account in the same form shall be submitted to the Collector through the Superintendent of Excise on or before the 5th of the following month together with the original permits covering the amount of excisable articles received during the

7 A. and the sheriff's receipts in form $\frac{6\text{ A.}}{4\text{ I. D.}}$

6. In Rule 21 (d), omit the following in lines 9 & 10 :— h.)

"and the applications in etc." to the end of the sentence. ise

Every entry in form 9 I. D. the

or his Assistant with other Warehouse accounts and must bear the checking officer in token of its being correct. The extract shall also be checked in the Collector's Office with its enclosures. The Collector shall also obtain from officers concerned Duplicates of the permits which shall be checked with the permits received from the Warehouse. The account submitted by the Treasury Officer of collections received from the Warehouse during the month shall also be compared in the Collector's Office with the particulars of remittances made as entered in form $\frac{10\text{ A.}}{8\text{ I. D.}}$.

7. Rule 21 (e) shall be cancelled. parate

account of spirits and intoxicating drugs.

(f) *Form* 13 A. (*Register of receptacles used in the Warehouse for storag*

(5) In rule 21, sub-paragraph (f), after the word "cask," insert the word "crate."

house

In the case of casks, as such measurements may be ~~[illegible]~~ not absolutely correct, the capacity by the gauging rod, the diameters and the length shall as far as possible be taken and recorded in this register, as also its exact contents as ascertained by actual measurement with spirits or water. All entries in this register shall be dated and initialled by the officer making them.

(g) *Form 12.*—(*Warehouse diary*).—The Officer in charge of the Warehouse shall keep a diary in this form in which he shall record at the time and in ink the exact hours of his daily arrival at and departure from the W[illegible] of the same, of the receipt and removal of spirits and [illegible] all action taken by him under the Warehouse [illegible] the use made of lock tickets. (The shroff shall enter in the diary the exact hour of his daily arrival at the Warehouse.) Superior officers inspecting the Warehouse should initial the diary after entry of such remarks as they find necessary, and should append to their initial the date and hour of their visit.

8. In Rule 21 (g), omit the following in lines 7 & 8 "The shroff shall enter in his diary the exact hour of his daily arrival at the Warehouse."

(h) *Form 13*—(*Duty Roster*).—This Register must show the date and hour on which each peon shall be on duty, and be filled in daily by the officer in charge and read over to the guard.

(i) *Form 14*—(*Register of store articles*).—A list of all articles used at or in connection with the Warehouse shall be maintained by the officer in charge in this form.

22. Payment for the cost price of spirits supplied to the Warehouse shall be made in the following manner:—

(i) A bill for the cost price of the spirits supplied to the Warehouse shall be submitted by the manufacturers to the Superintendent of Excise, once a fortnight.

(ii) On receipt of the bill the Superintendent of Excise or his Assistant shall check it with the Warehouse accounts, and having ascertained that the amount of the bill is correct shall certify to the following effect on the bill.

"Certified that I have personally checked this bill with the Warehouse accounts and found that the amount of the same (rupees in words) is correct."

(iii) Should the bill submitted be found to be incorrect it shall at once be returned to the manufacturers for amendment.

(iv) The Collector shall on receipt of the bill from the Superintendent of Excise have it checked in his office and then pass it for payment at the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury.

23. Payment for the cost price of intoxicating drugs including the cost of transport shall be effected by means of a remittance transfer receipt obtained from the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore, the amount thereof being placed at the disposal of the Store House Officer concerned.

By Order,

F. P. RENNIE,

First Assistant to the Resident.

Proceedings of the Resident in Mysore,
No. 1491, dated Bangalore, the 5th March 1913.

READ AGAIN :—

Resident's Proceedings No. 2060, dated the 8th April 1908, issuing instructions for the working of the Government Warehouse established in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, for the storage therein and supply therefrom, to the licensed shops in the Station, of spirits and intoxicating drugs.

READ :—

Letter No. 750, dated the 19th February 1913, from the Collector, Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

ORDER THEREON.—No. 1491, DATED BANGALORE, THE 5TH MARCH 1913.

The Resident is pleased to direct that the following be added as paragraph 24 to his Proceedings No. 2060, dated the 8th April 1908 :—

24. The following instructions are issued regarding the levy of the overtime fees in the Warehouse :—

i. On every occasion on which an officer charges for work on a Sunday or authorised holiday, a written requisition from the licensee of arrack and ganja shop must be produced in support of the claim. Two or more licensees may jointly submit one requisition. Each requisition should certify that overtime was worked from hour, minute to hour, minute, and the certificate should be signed jointly by the licensees concerned and the officer in charge.

ii. The holidays to be allowed, exclusive of Sundays, are only those notified under the Negotiable Instruments Act. Of these, Sunday, New Year's Day, Good Friday, the King's Birthday, and Christmas Day are alone to be regarded as close holidays. On the other holidays, the officer in charge should attend for two hours for the conduct of issues if required to do so in writing by the licensees. The two hours should be consecutive and no fees should be charged for work done during these hours. If there be no work for full two hours, the officer need not remain in the Warehouse. If, however, he be required at a subsequent period, fresh application must be made and overtime fees claimed. When the Warehouse is opened on these days on the requisition of the licensees, the work done should be only that detailed in the requisition. The actual time occupied in posting up the accounts affected will also be reckoned towards overtime work.

Each visit, whatever may be the time occupied, should be regarded as occupying a minimum of half an hour and should be charged as one hour.

iii. The fees to be charged should be as follows :—

(1) For the service of officers drawing more than Rs. 70 per mensem, when entitled to overtime fees, at the rate of 1/8th of a day's pay for each hour of overtime work.

(2) For the service of other officers, when entitled to such fees at the rate of 1/4th of a day's pay for each hour of overtime.

iv. The fees thus realised should be brought into the public accounts and paid in full to the officers by whose labour they are earned. The amount should be drawn at the end of the month on bills supported by a certificate signed by the Superintendent of Excise that the charges were for duties falling within the scope of their ordinary duties, but performed on holidays for the convenience of the arrack and ganja shop keepers together with a statement showing in detail the date of payment and amount of fees paid into the Treasury on account of which the claim is made. Bills on the above account should be supported by a certificate from the Treasury Officer to the effect that the prescribed fees (the amount to be specified) were realised and credited into the Treasury accounts for the month, the particular item in which the credit is included being pointed out.

Memorandum of overtime fees paid to the undermentioned Officer of the Government Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, for the month of 19

Name of officer	Post	Pay	Date and from what hour to what hour engaged	Number of hours charged for	Remuneration at 1/8th or 1/4th days pay for each hour	Amount of fees payable
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.

Deduct—Income Tax at pies per rupee

Nett amount paid

Passed for rupees (also in words)

Collector. *Superintendent of Excise.*

Certified that the above amount, *viz.*, Rs. , entered in this bill has been credited in the accounts for under V Excise Overtime fees. A note has also been made against the original item of credit to avoid a double payment.

Date *Treasury Officer.*

Certified that the fees charged were for duties falling within the scope of the ordinary duties, but performed on holidays or out of office hours, for the convenience of private persons.

(*Signature*)

(*Designation*) *Superintendent of Excise.*

Received contents : also certified that I have satisfied myself that all overtime fees included in bills drawn in the month of 19 (the last preceding month) have been disbursed to the proper persons, that their receipts have been taken in acquittance rolls filed in my office, with receipt stamps duly cancelled for every payment in excess of Rs. 20 and that during the month no payment has been made other than in accordance with rules.

Station (*Signature*)

(*Designation*) *Superintendent of Excise.*

Certified that I have paid on a simple receipt rupees

Date *19* *Treasury Officer.*

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

R. P. B.—3-1913—55.

Form No. 1-A.

Permit for the import of Arrack from the Mysore Government Distillery into the C. & M. Station of Bangalore.

N. B.—The permit should be issued in duplicate. One copy to be filed in the Mysore Government Distillery and the other to accompany the consignment.

1	2		3	4	5
Name of permit holder	Quantity		Place of despatch and route	Period for which permit is valid	Remarks
	Gallons	Drams			
				From To	

C. & M. Station, Bangalore.

Dated

Superintendent of Excise.

Permit for the import of Arrack from the Mysore Government Distillery into the C. & M. Station of Bangalore.

N. B.—The permit should be issued in duplicate. One copy to be filed in the Mysore Government Distillery and the other to accompany the consignment.

1	2		3	4	5
Name of permit holder	Quantity		Place of despatch and route	Period for which permit is valid	Remarks
	Gallons	Drams			
				From To	

C. & M. Station, Bangalore.

Dated

Superintendent of Excise.

Form No. 2. A.

No, *Dated* 19

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF EXCISE,

Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To

THE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF

BANGALORE DISTILLERY.

SIR,

I have the honour to request that you will supply me with casks of under-proof liquor.

2. The import permit prescribed by the rules in force in the Civil and Military Station, is enclosed.

I have &c.,

Superintendent of Excise.

☞ *Endorsement to be printed on the back of this form.*

Received cask of arrack as per pass No. dated from the Excise Officer issuing liquor from Bangalore Distillery. at on

Sub-Inspector.

No. *Dated* 19

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF EXCISE,

Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To

THE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF

BANGALORE DISTILLERY.

SIR,

I have the honour to request that you will supply me with casks of under-proof liquor

2. The import permit prescribed by the rules in force in the Civil and Military Station, is enclosed.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Excise.

No.

COUNTERFOIL.

Pass for the transport of liquor to the Excise Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

Name of cartman or carrier

Time allowed for transit

1 Number of cask	2 Description and strength of spirits	3 Quantity Gallons	3 Quantity Drams	Remarks

Dated 19 . *Excise Officer issuing liquor.*

No.

Form No. 3-A.

(TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE COLLECTOR.)

Pass for the transport of liquor to the Excise Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

Name of cartman or carrier

Time allowed for transit

1 Number of cask	2 Description and strength of spirits	3 Quantity Gallons	3 Quantity Drams	4 Remarks

Dated 19 . *Excise Officer issuing liquor.*

No.

(TO ACCOMPANY THE CONSIGNMENT.)

Pass for the transport of liquor to the Excise Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

Name of cartman or carrier

Time allowed for transit

1 Number of cask	2 Description and strength of spirits	3 Quantity Gallons	3 Quantity Drams	4 Remarks

Dated 19 . *Excise Officer issuing liquor.*

ENDORSEMENT.

Produced by at the Excise Warehouse on 19 , at A. M., compared with the details painted on the casks and the seals &c., on the casks examined and found to be correct. Contents received and booked.

Sub-Inspector in charge of the Excise Warehouse

Submitted to the Collector, Checked.

Dated 19 *Superintendent of Excise.*

Form No. 4. A.

Register of spirits received and issued from each cask in the Excise Warehouse, C. & M. Station, Bangalore.

Date	No. and reputed quantity and strength of the cask opened			Actual strength as ascertained prior to issue	Issues			Actual quantity as ascertained on emptying cask	Wastage or excess	Remarks
	Cask No.	Reputed quantity	Strength		Permit No.	Shop No.	Quantity			
1	2	3 Gals.—Drs.	4	5	6	7	8 Gals.—Drs.	9 Gals.—Drs.	10 Gals.—Drs.	11

Cancelled Vide Notification No. FD 225 EXT 74

Form No. 5. A.

No. Dated 19

To

The Shroff, Government Excise Warehouse, Bangalore.

Sir,

Please receive the sum of Rs. as detailed below, on account of the undermentioned spirits to be removed from the Excise Warehouse for sale at Shop No.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of gals. of the strength of u. p. at Rs. per gal.			
2. Duty on do do do			
Total Rs.....			

Vide G.O. No. FD 225 EXT 74 dated 11-11-1975

Forms Nos. $\frac{5A. \text{ or } S.L.}{3 I.D.}$; $\frac{6A \text{ or } S.L.}{4 I.D.}$; and $\frac{12A \text{ or } S.L.}{10 I.D.}$ shall be cancelled and Form $\frac{10A \text{ or } S.L.}{8 I.D.}$ shall be modified suitably.

Yours faithfully,

Licensee of Shop No.

Form No. 6. A.

No. dated 19

Received from

the sum of *Rs.

as detailed below.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of gals. of u. p. arrack at Rs. per gal. ...			
2. Duty on gals. of u. p. arrack at Rs. per gal. ...			
Total Rs...			

Initials of Shroff.

No. dated 19

Received from

the sum of *Rs

as detailed below.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of gals. of u. p. arrack at Rs. per gal. ...			
2. Duty on gals. of u. p. arrack at Rs. per gal. ...			
Total Rs...			

Shroff at Excise Warehouse.

*Here enter the amount in words.

Form No. 7. A.

No. Dated 19

To

The Officer in charge of the Excise Warehouse, Bangalore.

Sir,

Please issue permit for the transport of the undermentioned spirit for the duty on and the price of which I herewith submit Shroff's receipt No. dated 19 for Rs.

Quantity	Strength	Price	Duty	Consignee's shops		Remarks
				No.	Locality	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Yours faithfully

Licensee of Shop No.

Form No. 8. A.

ARRACK PERMIT BOOK.

Licensed Shop-keeper named No. is permitted to transport the undermentioned arrack to his licensed shop at from the Government Excise Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

Serial No. of permit	Date and hour of issue	Quantity of arrack issued	No. of cask from which issued	Route by which the arrack is to be transported	Period of currency of permit	Signature of the person granting the permit
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Form No. 9. A.

Detailed Account showing the quantity of spirits sold daily to retail vendors of Arrack in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

Month and Date	Arrack Shop No.	No. of Gallons sold	Price of spirits	Government duty	Total	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

10. Form No. 10A or S. L. / 8 I. D. suitably modified is annexed.

A m 10 A. or S. L. / 8 I. D.

To be returned to the party for presentation at the Warehouse.

No. Rupees

Dated 191

To

The Treasury Officer

Please receive rupees annas and pies as detailed below on account of the undermentioned Spirits / Intoxicating Drugs to be removed from the Excise Warehouse, C. & M. Station, Bangalore, for sale at under the license held by me.

Party or his Agent.

Duty on	Galls. / Seers	of	Arrack / D. D. Rum / Rect spirit / Ganja	at Rs.	per	gallon / Seer	Amount Rs. A. P.
Cost price—	do		do			do	
Amount to be credited under V.(b) Excise							

Received and credited Rs. in the Treasury account on the 191

Seal

Treasury Accountant.

E. P. B.—10-1917.—60.

B Form 10 A or S. L. / 8 I. D.

(To be retained in the Treasury.)

No. Rupees

Dated 191

To

The Treasury Officer

Please receive rupees annas and pies as detailed below on account of the undermentioned Spirits / Intoxicating Drugs to be removed from the Excise Warehouse, C. & M. Station, Bangalore, for sale at under the license held by me.

Party or his Agent.

Duty on	Galls / Seers	of	Arrack / D. D. Rum / Rect spirit / Ganja	at Rs.	per	Gall. / Seer.	Amount Rs. A. P.
Cost price—	do		do			do	
Amount to be credited under V.(b) Excise.	do		do			do	

Received and credited Rs. in the Treasury account on the 191

Seal

Treasury Accountant.

E. P. B.—10-1917.—60.

C Form 10 A or S. L. / 8 I. D.

(To be forwarded to the officer in charge of the Warehouse.)

No. Rupees

Dated 191

To

The Treasury Officer

Please receive rupees annas and pies as detailed below on account of the undermentioned Spirits / Intoxicating Drugs to be removed from the Excise Warehouse, C. & M. Station, Bangalore, for sale at under the license held by me.

Party or his Agent.

Duty on	ls. / Seers	of	Arrack / D. D. Rum / Rect spirit / Ganja	at Rs.	per	Gall. / Seer	Amount Rs. A. P.
Cost price—	do		do			do	
Amount to be credited under V.(b) Excise	do		do			do	

Received and credited Rs. in the Treasury account on the 191

Seal

Treasury Accountant.

E. P. B.—10-1917.—60.

Form No. 10. A.

No.

ORIGINAL.

Chellan for payment of money into the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore.

1 By whom paid (with signature and date)	2 On what account	3 Amount Rs.	A.	P.
Rupees	Total.....			

Received Rupees

entered

Resident's Treasury.

Dated

Accountant.

No.

DUPLICATE.

Chellan for payment of money into the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore.

1 By whom paid (with signature and date)	2 On what account	3 Amount Rs.	A.	P.
Rupees	Total.....			

Received Rupees

entered

Resident's Treasury.

Dated,

Accountant.

Treasurer

Treasury Officer

IV. Para.—

At the end of the form of chalan, for "Head Accountant," read "Excise Superintendent."

Form No. II. A.

Abstract account of total daily receipts and sales of Arrack at the Excise Warehouse with abstract stock and cash account for the month 19

1 Month and date	2 Opening balance		3 Receipts.					4 Total.		5 Expenditure.						6 Closing balance.		7 Price.			8 Duty.			9 Remarks.
			Pass.		No. of casks.	Quantity.				Sales.		Wastage.		Total.										
	Gls.	Drs.	No.	Date.		Gls.	Drs.	Gls.	Drs.	Gls.	Drs.	Gls.	Drs.	Gls.	Drs.	Gls.	Drs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	

Form No. 12. A.

Cash Account.

Receipts.						Expenditure.				
1 Month and date	2 Particulars	3 Amount			4 Total			5 Remarks	6 Month and date	7 Particulars	8 Amount			9 Total			10 Remarks
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.				Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	

Form No. 13. A.

Register of casks used in the Excise Warehouse of the Civil and Military Station.

Consecutive No.	Contents in gallons by measurement	Bung measurement		Diameter at head (inside)	Length	Date of measurement	Initials of measuring officer	Remarks
		From bung hole to lower chunt (average)	Bung diameter					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Form No. I. I. D.

No. *Dated* *19*

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF EXCISE,

Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To

THE COLLECTOR

DISTRICT

MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

SIR,

I have the honour to request that you will supply me with seers of

I have, &c.,

Superintendent of Excise.

No. *Dated* *19*

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF EXCISE,

Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To

THE COLLECTOR

DISTRICT

MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

SIR,

I have the honour to request that you will supply me with seers of

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

Superintendent of Excise.

Form No. 2. I. D.

Register of intoxicating drugs received and issued from each box in the Excise Warehouse, C. &. M. Station, Bangalore.

Date	No. of box opened and reputed quantity		Issues			Actual quantity as ascertained on emptying box	Wastage or excess	Remarks
	Box No.	Quantity	Permit No.	Shop No.	Quantity			
1	2	3 S.——T.	4	5	6 S.——T.	7 S.——T.	8 S.——T.	9

Form No. 3. I. D.

No. Dated 19

To

The Shroff, Government Excise Warehouse, Bangalore,

Sir,

Please receive the sum of Rs. as detailed below, on account of the undermentioned quantity of intoxicating drugs to be removed from the Excise Warehouse for sale at Shop No.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of seers of at Rs. per seer			
2. Duty on do do do			
Total Rs...			

Yours faithfully,

Licensee of Shop No.

Form No. 4. I. D.

No. dated 19

Received from

the sum of *Rs.

as detailed below.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of seers of at Rs. per seer ...			
2. Duty on seers of at Rs. per seer			
Total Rs...			

Initials of Shroff.

No. dated 19

Received from

the sum of *Rs.

as detailed below.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Price of seers of at Rs. per seer			
2. Duty on seers of at Rs. per seer ...			
Total Rs....			

Shroff at Excise Warehouse.

* Here enter the amount in words.

Form No. 5. I. D.

No. Dated 19

To

The Officer in charge of the Excise Warehouse, Bangalore.

Sir,

Please issue permit for the transport of the undermentioned quantity of ganja, for the duty on and the price of which I herewith submit Shroff's receipt No. dated for Rs.

Quantity	Price	Duty	Consignee's shops		Remarks
			No.	Locality.	
1	2	3	4		5

Yours faithfully

Licensee of Shop No.

Form No. 6. I. D.

GANJA PERMIT BOOK

Licensed Shop-keeper named No. is permitted to transport the undermentioned ganja to his licensed shop at from the Government Excise Warehouse in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

Serial No. of permit	Date and hour of issue	Quantity of ganja issued	Route by which the ganja is to be transported	Period of currency of permit	Signature of the person granting the permit
1	2	3	4	5	6

Form No. 7. I. D.

Statement showing the quantity of intoxicating drugs sold daily to retail vendors of ganja in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

Month and Date	Ganja Shop No.	No. of seers sold	Price	Govern-ment duty	Total	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Form No. 8.1. D.

No.

ORIGINAL.

Chellan for payment of money into the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore.

1 By whom paid (with signature and date)	2 On what account	3 Amount Rs.	A.	P.
Rupees	Total.....			

Received Rupees

entered

Resident's Treasury.

Dated,

Accountant.

Treasurer

Treasury Officer

No.

DUPLICATE.

Chellan for payment of money into the Hon'ble the Resident's Treasury, Bangalore.

1 By whom paid (with signature and date)	2 On what account	3 Amount Rs.	A.	P.
Rupees	Total.....			

Received Rupees

entered

Resident's Treasury

Dated,

Accountant.

Treasurer

Treasury Officer

Form No. 9—I D.

Abstract account of total daily receipts and sale of intoxicating drugs at the Excise Warehouse with abstract stock and cash account for the month of 19

Month and Date	Opening balance		Receipts					Total		Expenditure						Closing Balance		Price			Duty		Remarks
			Pass		No. of boxes	Quantity				Sales		Wastage		Total									
	Seers	Tolas	No.	Date		Seers	Tolas	Seers	Tolas	Seers	Tolas	Seers	Tolas	Seers	Tolas	Seers	Tolas	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A. P.	

Form No. 10. I. D.

Receipts.						Cash Account.	Expenditure.				
1 Month and date	2 Particulars	3 Amount			4 Total		5 Remarks	6 Month and date	7 Particulars	8 Amount			9 Total		10 Remarks
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A. P.				Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A. P.	

Form No. II. I. D.

Register of boxes used in the Excise Warehouse, C. & M. Station.

Consecutive No.	Contents.	Date of Measurement.	Initials of measuring officer.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5

Form No. 12.

Diary of the Officer in charge of the Excise Warehouse.

Date	Serial number of transaction	Hour	No. of lock ticket.		Particulars
			Put on	Taken off	
1	2	3	4	5	6

Form No. 13.

Duty Roster.

Date	Name	Hour of duty	Remarks
1	2	3	4

Form No. 14.

Store Register of articles in the Excise Warehouse, C. & M. Station.

Date of receipt	Description of article	Remarks
1	2	3

RESIDENT'S OFFICE,
BANGALORE.
Register No. 2243
Date of Receipt 6-5-08
File No. 278/1

G.R S. 31]

Pol: No. 891

72.

From

C. S. Balasundaram Iyer Esq., B.A.,

Offg: **Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Genl. and Rev. Depts.**

To

F. P. Rennie Esquire, I.C.S.,

First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

Dated Bangalore, the 4th May 1908.

Genl. and Rev. Secretariat.

Sir,

I am directed to acknowledge with thanks seven copies of the Proceedings of the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore, issuing instructions for the working of the Government Ware houses for spirits and intoxicating drugs established in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore with effect from 1st April 1908.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

This may be filed
7/5/08

For the Secretary to Governmer
away from the Station.

M.L.

GPB—8,000- 14-3-07.

Very Urgent Loan 6/6 To-day 73

R. P. B.—5-08.—600.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE, No. 1982
BANGALORE.
Register No. 2771
Date of Receipt 6.6.08
File No. 2871 FROM

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR,
CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION, BANGALORE.
Dated 5th June 1908.

P. L. Moore ESQ., I. C. S.,
COLLECTOR,
CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION,
BANGALORE.

To

F. P. Rennie Esquire, I.C.S.
~~THE~~ First Assistant to the Honble the Resident
in Mysore,
Bangalore

SIR,

SC 625
27754

Referring to your letter No: 4406 dated the 24th June 1907 to the Diwan of Mysore, a copy of which was communicated to me under your endorsement No: 4407 of the same date, I have the honor to propose that a minimum price of 1 anna per seer (as in the city) be fixed to sale of toddy in the station.

2. The sale of shops is postponed to Tuesday 9th instant when I propose, with the Resident's approval, to inform bidders that this minimum price has been fixed.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
your most obedient servant,

5.6.08. Collector.

Office of the Collector and District Magistrate,
Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

26

Dear Rennie,

I wrote officially yesterday about the fixing of a minimum price for today. There is no doubt that this must be done and it is essential that orders should be passed at once. Reuters already complain that today next is too late a date for the sales. I write the

in case the enquiry I
to matter has not been
brought to your notice.

I am sir,

R. F. E.—4-08.—2,000.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

75

Serial No.
File No.

[D R A F T .]—For approval.

From

F. P. RENNIE, Esq., I. C. S.,
1st Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.

To

(Mackie, C.S. Ry. Supt.
Mr ~~Dawson, Secy Govt~~

Sir

No. 3021 + 3022
dated 8th June 1908

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No 1682 dt 8th June 1908 and in reply, to state that the Resident is pleased to prescribe one carriage per train as the minimum rate for the sake of hereafter in the Mr. + Mr. Section of Bangalore

I have
Sd/ F. P. Rennie
1.7.08

(Continuation of Draft).

Encl 1

Copy forwarded for the
information of the Duchess
in reply to her letter
dated 24 July 1907 S 62

Sd/ F. D. Acland

F DA

D

H/D/81